

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 11, 1897.

NUMBER 25.

**All
REMNANTS
and
ODDS and ENDS
at
VERY LOW
Prices.**

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

All This Month!

We will offer

**Special
Inducements**

From our entire stock.

Special Low Prices on
bedroom suits and dining
tables for February.

W. J. KNAPP.

LIKE THE YOUNG LADY

At a ball who called her
you an Indian because he was on her trail all the time, we are on your
trail and won't be satisfied until we secure you as a customer. We've got
the meats and prices to hold you with.

Choice steam kettle rendered lard in 25lb lots at 64c per lb. Smaller
lots at 7c per lb. Bulk oysters and poultry at lowest prices.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

**FRANKLIN
HOUSE**
ESTABLISHED 1837.
Cakes and Lard Sts.,
DETROIT, MICH.
A Block from Woodward &
Chrysler Aves. Very Central.
Near All Our Lines.
L. R. JONES, Prop.

**The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.**

Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view, I
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.
GEO. EDER, Prop.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on
Gilbert & Crowell. We represent
companies whose gross assets amount
to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Mrs. Mary Stapish.

After a long and severe illness, in
which she showed great patience, Mrs.
Mary Stapish, an old and respected resi-
dent of Sylvan for many years, passed to
her eternal reward last Sunday morning,
Feb. 7, 1897, at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Stapish was a woman of kindly
heart and gentle and refined feelings. Her
sympathy and aid were ever extended to
the sick and helpless, and many a home
has been brightened by her presence when
the Messenger of Death was hovering
near.

Since the death of her husband and
eldest son she has gradually declined in
health, until, after a beautiful preparation,
death came as a welcome relief. She was
a consistent and faithful member of St.
Mary's church, from which her funeral
was held last Wednesday morning, Feb.
10, 1897, at 10 o'clock. The church was
filled with relatives and friends. Her
pastor, the Rev. William P. Conzidine,
officiated and preached an admirable and
instructive sermon. The remains were
laid away in Mt. Olivet cemetery, Chelsea.
Her family have the profound sympathy
of the entire community.

A New Enterprise.

The canvass for the creamery and ice
cream factory continues and is meeting
with the favor it deserves.

When a product that will bring one-
third more than the prices paid for coun-
try butter, and that too without the
trouble and work to the farmer's wife, as
well as an increased amount from the
same milk, farmers and business men
should encourage it in a substantial
manner.

Washtenaw county is in the dairy belt,
and the soil is well adapted for grasses.
Chelsea has the best of railroad advan-
tages, distance is almost annihilated by
rapid railroad facilities, so that the ice
cream made here can be placed in Detroit
to compete with that made in the city,
and at much less cost.

The system proposed by the gentleman
who has charge of the canvass is to place
the Steel Separator process, which will
give the sweet milk back to the farmer
and rapidly reduce the cream from the
milk.

Those who have seen the factory at
Grass Lake working are satisfied that the
machinery and fixtures are first-class.

An institution which will give a cash
value to a product that now goes begging
should be encouraged, and reasonable
efforts made to secure it.

Fox-Howe.

Mr. William D. Fox, of Detroit, and
Miss Susan M. Howe, of Chelsea, were
united in marriage at St. Mary's church,
Chelsea, on Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1897, at 7 a.
m. The Rev. William P. Conzidine
officiated.

The happy couple were attended by
Mr. Ignatius Howe, of Chelsea, cousin of
the bride, and Miss Mary Howe, of Chi-
cago, sister of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Fox took breakfast with a
small company at the Chelsea House and
left on the mail train for a brief trip to
Bay City and other points.

Mr. Fox is a well-known and successful
lawyer of Detroit. Miss Howe is an ac-
complished and amiable lady, who has
hosts of friends in this, her native place,
who will unite in wishing her and her
husband all the blessings of a happy
wedded life.

School Reports.

Report of school in District No. 5,
Lyndon, for the month ending Feb. 4:

Attending every day—Lillie Parks,
Alta Skidmore, James Young, Grace Col-
lins, Callista Boyce, Verne Beckworth.
Standing 95, Kate and Florence Collins.
Callista Boyce, Madge Young; 90, Gene-
vieve and James Young; 85, Grace Col-
lins, Lillie Parks; 80, Ethel Skidmore,
Grace and Kate Collins and Callista Boyce
have not missed a word in written spelling
during the month; Genevieve Young,
Lillie Parks and Della Goodwin missed
but one. Miss L. Starbuck, Teacher.

The largest street railway company in
the world is in Philadelphia. It was
chartered in September, 1895, and has
absorbed all the street railways in the city
with the exception of one small concern.
It is capitalized for \$110,000,000.

As Your Eye . . .

Travels over this page stop here
a minute. We are selling at the

Bank Drug Store . . .

Choice fresh Crackers 5c per pound. All coffees reduced in price,
quality just as high as it ever was. Good canned corn 5c per can.
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25c. You can always be sure of having a

Good Cup of Tea

If you will buy our brand at 30c. It is a choice uncolored Japan
and will suit you. We are headquarters for

Condition Powders For Horses.

Poultry Powder.

Remedy for Hog Cholera.

We are also selling Herring 13c per box. First-class lanterns for 38c.
Parlor matches 1c per box. Good Tomatoes 7c per can. Lantern globes
5c each. Electric kerosene oil 9c per gallon. 4 pounds choice prunes for
25c. Our assortment of

Valentines

Is complete. See our south show window.

**Highest Market Price
for Eggs.**

Glazier & Stimson

WE

Are making some very low prices on Sideboards, Combination
Desks and Book Cases, Extension Tables, Dining Chairs, etc. We also
have a few 100-piece Dinner Sets, worth \$15.00, that we are offering
at \$10.75.

HOAG & HOLMES.

A few Heating Stoves to close out Cheap.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric
alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Monuments

Office: 2 Detroit St., Ang. A. B. B.

We keep on hand large quantities of granite monuments, rough, and are prepared to execute the same in accordance with the
Original Designs. Telephone 1111. Office: 2 Detroit St., and 17-19th Aves. Post Office Box 1111.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the Second Session.
The Nicaragua canal bill occupied the attention of the senate most of the time on the 1st, but no progress was made toward a final vote. The new treaty relative to the Alaskan boundary and the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain were reported. In the house the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was further considered and the following bills were passed: To prevent express companies from carrying obscene literature; to prevent trespassing upon national military parks, and providing that surgeons and assistant surgeons of soldiers' homes may be appointed from others than those disabled in the service of the United States.

The feature of the senate on the 2d was a very spirited debate on the conference report on the immigration bill, but no action was taken. A resolution was introduced providing that the United States should not permanently acquiesce in the single gold standard, and a bill was presented to increase the pensions of the survivors of the war of 1812 to \$30 per month. In the house the whole day was devoted to debate on appropriation bills. The diplomatic and consular bill was passed. Resolutions arranging for the formal canvassing of the electoral vote of the last presidential election on Wednesday, February 10, were adopted.

After a brief parliamentary struggle in the senate on the 3d the friends of the Nicaragua canal bill were unable to hold a quorum. Senator Thurston spoke on the resolution to prevent the sale of the Union Pacific railroad and said the people of the United States never would be ready to enter upon government ownership and operation of railroads. In the house Mr. Stewart (Wis.) offered a bill to better protect the lives and property of persons against mob violence. The contested election case of Cornett vs. Swanson from the Fifth Virginia district was discussed at length, and Mr. Swanson's title to the seat was confirmed.

In the senate on the 4th the house bill was taken up to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the capitol and Senator Hill (N. Y.) spoke at length against the measure, but no action was taken. The immigration bill was recommitted to the conference committee and the Nicaragua canal bill was further discussed. In the house consideration of the bill making appropriations of the expenses of the District of Columbia for the year ending June 30, 1898, occupied most of the time. A senate bill to pension the widow of Gen. J. B. Carr, of New York, at \$50 a month was passed.

DOMESTIC.

Fire that broke out in the rear of Scott & Co.'s hardware store in Salt Lake City caused a loss of \$230,000.

A large syndicate of English and American capitalists are effecting a combine of the wood-working machinery manufacturers of the United States.

A. W. Linderstrom, a farmer at Tacoma, Wash., in a fit of anger, blew out the brains of his five-year-old son and then killed himself.

The Pennsylvania state capitol, erected in Harrisburg in 1822, was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$1,500,000.

Three boys belonging to the family of G. W. Gibson, one boy to the family of Phoenix Gibson and one girl to J. McIlvane were drowned while skating near Pacific Junction, Ia.

Edward Butler, the notorious Australian criminal, murderer of 14 men and general desperado, was captured in San Francisco.

Judge Joseph McKenna, of San Francisco, has been selected for secretary of the interior in President-elect McKinley's cabinet and he has accepted.

The Pennsylvania Lead company went into the hands of receivers at Pittsburgh with liabilities of \$1,400,000.

The Keystone company, manufacturers of agricultural implements at Sterling, Ill., went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$510,000.

James Shelhammer, son of a farmer near Apollo, Pa., killed Grace Clark and then committed suicide. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

The First national bank at Oakesdale, Wash., went into voluntary liquidation.

The Moscow (Idaho) national bank closed its doors with liabilities of \$100,000.

The National Association of Mutual Insurance Men began its annual meeting in Des Moines, Ia., with delegates present representing 747 companies.

The burglars who looted the Eldon (Ia.) bank secured bonds worth \$50,000, besides \$7,000 in money.

The high school and manual training school building in Menominee, Wis., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

J. L. Rawlins (dem.) was elected United States senator from Utah.

John Brown, in a fit of jealousy, shot and killed his sweetheart, Ellen Titworth, in Wise county, Va., and then shot himself.

In a railway collision at Arlington, S. D., Conductor Addington, brakeman Hosiak, John Loftus and W. L. Harrison were killed.

It is announced that John Addison Porter, editor of the Hartford (Conn.) Post, will be the private secretary of President-elect McKinley.

Seeley Wakeley's house in Grovetown, Mich., was destroyed by fire and his two children, aged two and four years, were burned to death.

The schooner Biscayne foundered ten miles off Jupiter Inlet, Florida, and Charles Hinson, of New York, Archie Lindsay, of Florida, and Roger Harris, of Key West, were drowned.

The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company have elected Frank Thomson, of Philadelphia, as president of the company to succeed George D. Roberts, deceased.

Johnson Harris and William Little, both white men, fought a duel near Arbeka, O. T., over the affections of Wannetta, a pretty half-breed Indian girl, and were both killed.

The entire business portion of the town of Pleasureville, Ky., was wiped out by fire.

The house of representatives, by a vote of 77 to 42, passed a bill prohibiting the playing of baseball on Sunday in Missouri.

A bill providing for the creation of a cabinet position to be filled by a secretary of labor was discussed by the house committee on labor in Washington.

After years of hard work it is now said that the post office authorities in New York have succeeded in running to earth a band of thieves which has been robbing the government of stamps at the rate of about \$100,000 a year for many years back.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brodnemann and two sons, living near North Branch, Minn., were suffocated by carbon dioxide, due to a fire in a closed root house.

The Sac and Fox agency in Oklahoma was raided by outlaws and three citizens were killed and Agent Thomas badly wounded.

Five thousand Christian Endeavorers celebrated the sixteenth anniversary of the society at Boston.

Benjamin Henderson, a wealthy ranch owner near Ukiah, Cal., was murdered by a Mexican laborer.

Robert Morton (colored) was hanged by a mob near Rockfield, Ky., for writing an insulting note to Miss Tommie Johnson, a popular white woman.

With the Chinese New Year the Six Companies, the most powerful and richest Chinese organization in America, went out of existence in San Francisco.

William H. Crawford & Co., wholesale dealers in spices at Baltimore, Md., made an assignment with liabilities of \$150,000.

Col. Robert E. Crofton, Fifteenth infantry, has been arbitrarily relieved by order of the president.

Investigation shows there are over 50 families at the Belmont coal mines near Bellaire, O., suffering for the necessities of life and some are almost actually starving.

As the result of the excessive use of cigarettes, Harry Woods, a boy 13 years of age, was declared insane at Vincennes, Ind.

An ice gorge broke and swept away the wharves at Richmond, Va., taking vessels from their moorings and doing great damage.

Edward J. Ivory, who was arrested on a charge of complicity in a dynamite conspiracy in England, arrived in New York.

The First national bank of Griswold, Ia., suspended with liabilities of \$80,000.

The national good roads congress in session at Orlando, Fla., effected a permanent organization, and Gen. Roy Stone, of Washington, was elected president.

Maas & Schwarz, cotton factors at Selma, Ala., failed for \$300,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

David B. Phillips, a member of the house of representatives from 1885 to 1888, died at his home in Pottsville, Pa., aged 50 years.

Samuel W. Stone, author of the song and words "Wait for the Wagon and We'll All Take a Ride," died in Topeka, Kan., aged 84 years.

John Baptist Verreau died in Tomah, Wis., at the age of more than 100 years. He was born in Paris just before the French revolution of 1792-94.

Rev. J. A. Brooks, a well-known divine of the Christian church and prohibitionist candidate for the vice presidency in 1888, died in Memphis, Tenn.

Mrs. Mary Wray celebrated her 105th birthday anniversary at her home in Fairbury, Ill. Her eyesight is good and she is able to assist in doing the housework.

The three daughters of William Bate were married at the same time at their home in Rockford, Ill. The couples were Miss Laura Bate to George Chapman, Miss Blanche Bate to Rev. G. W. B. Marsh, and Miss Anna Bate to Clyde Safford.

FOREIGN.

Gen. Roloff and Joseph J. Luis, of the Cuban junta, were indicted by the federal grand jury in Baltimore on the charge of filibustering.

Sims Reeves, the famous English singer, who has possessed several fortunes, is a bankrupt in London.

The report is denied that the oldest daughter of King Leopold of Belgium, the wife of Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg, has eloped with an Austrian officer.

Tewfik Pasha, until recently Turkish minister for foreign affairs, states that a reign of terror prevails among the entourage of the sultan.

Serious bread riots occurred in Madrid, Spain, and martial law has been proclaimed.

Premier Laurier, of Canada, stated that the present government's platform was "better trade relations with the United States," and expressed his willingness to stand or fall with it.

What is called a Christian theater will soon be opened in Paris for the purpose of producing highly artistic, literary and dramatic plays.

The queen regent of Spain has signed the plan for the reforms in the island of Cuba.

The famous artist Munkacsy, who was recently stricken with spinal paralysis, has become insane and has been placed in an asylum in London.

The shipyards of the Fairfield Shipbuilding company at Govan, Scotland, were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$250,000, and 4,000 persons were thrown out of work.

LATER.

The president sent to congress the complete report of the World's Columbian Exposition commission.

Three-fourths of the Christian quarters in the city of Canea were burned by Turkish troops and Mussulman and 300 Christians were killed.

Floods in the valley of the Thames and Oute rivers in England have done great damage.

There were 311 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 5th, against 331 the week previous and 323 in the corresponding period of 1896.

The Northwestern national bank at Great Falls, Mont., closed its doors with liabilities of \$700,000; assets, \$750,000.

The British steamer City of Agra, outward bound from Glasgow, has been lost. There were two passengers and a crew of 30 on board.

Thirty thousand people in the towns east of Shreveport, La., are said to be in a starving condition.

Advices from Havana confirm the report of the burning of the town of Guanabacoa, just across the bay from Havana, by the insurgents.

Cashier C. E. Breder, of the First national bank of Bethlehem, Pa., was said to be a defaulter to the extent of \$15,000.

Charles Radbourne, the famous baseball pitcher, so long identified with the National League clubs of Providence and Boston, died in Bloomington, Ill., aged 43 years.

Port Darwin, an important town in South Australia, was almost wiped out by a hurricane. No lives were lost.

Dwight L. Moody, the famous evangelist, observed his 60th birthday in Boston and was presented by friends with \$30,000 to erect a chapel for the Mount Vernon school for boys, of which Mr. Moody was the founder.

A severe earthquake shock was felt at Bengles and Chase's stations in Maryland and also at Baltimore.

Fifteen hundred Christians, constituting the whole population of a Cretan village, have been massacred by the Mussulmans.

A large portion of the business part of Shellrock, Ia., was destroyed by fire.

After a quarrel with her husband the wife of Robert Cort, a well-to-do rancher living near Big Timber, Mont., drowned her three children and herself.

Judge Goff, of West Virginia, has, it is said, declined a cabinet appointment because of his wife's poor health.

The New York World's war correspondent, Sylvester Scovel, has been arrested at Tunas, Cuba, by the Spaniards.

Col. Juan Manuel Flores, governor of the state of Durango, Mexico, died at Santiago Papasquiaro.

Several British war ships have been ordered to Crete in view of the renewal of disturbances in that country.

John Hardisty and Miss Cora Akers were killed by the cars near Caliente, Cal., while gathering wild flowers.

Gen. Gomez, the Cuban leader, has declined to meet Capt. Gen. Weyler to discuss Cuban reforms.

Five men in sleighs and seven horses were killed by an avalanche near Fluela, Switzerland.

In a freight train wreck near Tolono, Ill., 30 fine horses were killed and five cars of merchandise destroyed.

The president has signed an order reducing the number of pension agencies in the United States from 18 to 9.

Thomas Doherty & Co., tea merchants in Montreal, failed for \$100,000.

In Montreal J. Nilssen, of Minneapolis, won the professional skating championship of the world and J. K. McCulloch, of Winnipeg, the amateur championship.

The United States senate on the 6th adopted Senator Morgan's resolution, introduced last June, calling on the president for information regarding the capture of the Competitor by a Spanish warship. Eulogies on the late William Cogswell, congressman from Massachusetts, were delivered. In the house the District of Columbia appropriation bill and a bill to permit the treasury officials to sell forfeited opium to the highest bidder and not require them to secure the amount of the duty, ten dollars a pound, were passed. The consular and diplomatic bill (\$1,695,308) was reported.

The United States senate on the 5th admitted Richard R. Kenney to the Delaware seat vacated many months ago by Mr. Higgins. Fifty pension bills were passed and the Nicaragua canal debate proceeded without definite conclusion. A bill was passed granting part of Fort Lyon, an abandoned military reservation in Colorado, for the purpose of a state soldiers' home. Senator McMillan introduced a bill declaring "The Star Spangled Banner" to be the national song of the United States. In the house the entire day was spent in clearing the calendar of unfinished business and out of 63 bills 59 were passed, most of them being pension measures.

GLOBE SIGHTS.

People who practice charity, have little time to preach it.

No great man ever had time to play checkers in the middle of the day.

A rude man usually has a good deal to say about the lack of politeness in others.

Compliments may be silly, but that man or woman never lived who did not like them.

As a rule, the man who can tell you all about the problem of life, can't work it himself.

As good as girls are, whenever they carry soap to the poor, they like to carry it through the main streets.

A man who gets into a rut, and stays there, may not rank among the pushing and aggressive, but he misses lots of rough jolting.

A dog looks so happy and comfortable when lying asleep, that we never see one without envying Rip Van Winkle, who lay down beside his dog, and took a nap that lasted 20 years.—Aitchison Globe.

Twins in Size, Shape and Activity.
This is what those important little organs, the kidneys are when healthy. In disorder they may differ in all three particulars. Disease usually destroys them successively, not simultaneously, and one may be active while the other is semi-paralyzed. Give to both a healthful impulse, without exciting them, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which forestalls such dreadful maladies as Bright's disease and diabetes. Use the Bitters, also, for malarial, bilious, rheumatic, nervous, bowel and kidney trouble.

"Look here, sub," said Washington Whitewash, "what 'yo' mean by runnin' in ter me dat away?" "Go way, black man!" replied Jackson Chickcoop. "I's color-blind, I is."—Philadelphia North American.

Low Rates to the West and South.
Via B. & O. S-W. Ry. Feb. 1, 2, 15 and 16, for Home-Seekers, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, the Carolinas, the Dakotas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, Tennessee, Texas, etc. The limit and stop-over privileges will permit thorough inspection of the country. For tickets and further information call on agents B. & O. S-W. Ry.

"It is certainly wonderful how much science can do for us." "Yes, Mrs. Frontrow has learned to hypnotize her baby, and she didn't miss a club meeting the whole week."—Cleveland Record.

The inauguration of President McKinley will attract many prominent individuals to Washington. You can attend very cheaply, and enjoy a most satisfactory trip, by going via the B. & O. S-W. Ry. Tickets good going March 1, 2 and 3, and good returning including March 8, at special low rates for this occasion, with Splendid Train Service. Make up your parties, and for further information, consult any agent B. & O. S-W. Ry. Write for guide to Washington, to J. M. CRESBROUGH, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, O.

"I have two friends who never talk behind my back. You may think you have a greater number, but probably you are mistaken."—Drake Watson.

Going to Washington, D. C?
A rate of one fare round trip has been made via Big Four Route and picturesque Chesapeake and Ohio Ry. to Washington account inauguration of Mr. McKinley, March 4th. For particulars and sleeping car reservations address U. L. TRUITT, N. W. P. A., 324 Clark Street, Chicago.

"The pun" said some one to Henry Erskine, an incurable at the practice, "is the lowest of all forms of wit." "And therefore the foundation of it all."

"For 6 years had neuralgia." You haven't used St. Jacobs Oil to cure it.

The devil's hardest blows are aimed at the home.—Ram's Horn.

If stiff and sore, St. Jacobs Oil will cure you. Won't lose a day. The cure is sure.

Blood
Hood's Sarsaparilla

That is pure, rich and full of vitality feeds the nerves and gives strength to all the organs. Therefore keep the blood pure by taking Hood's Pills

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists, 5c.

How to Reach the Health and Pleasure Resorts of the South.

The Southern Railway in connection with the Queen and Crescent Route operate a SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN carrying elegant day coaches and Drawing-room sleeping car from Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Florida, via Chattanooga and Atlanta, leaving Cincinnati 8:30 a. m., arriving Jacksonville 9:00 o'clock next morning; also Pullman Drawing-room sleeping car through Cincinnati to Jacksonville via Knoxville and Asheville, leaving Cincinnati 8:00 P. M., arriving Jacksonville second morning; convenient service to Brunswick, Ga., and Jekyll Island; also to Aiken, S. C., and other Southern resorts. For full information write J. C. BEAM, JR., N. W. P. A., 111 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. M. Palmer's Great Northern Theater.
Feb. 8th, last week of David Belasco's masterpiece, "The Heart of Maryland," with Mrs. Leslie Carter and the original N. Y. cast. Feb. 15, DeKoven and Smith's latest comic opera success, "The Mandarin."

To non it of love is the greatest wrong that can be done a child.—Ram's Horn.

It may come last, but St. Jacobs Oil is the best to cure sprains. It ought to be first.

An ounce of earnestness is worth more than a pound of rhetoric.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

FOR 14 CENTS.
We wish to gain 50,000 pleased customers in 1898 and hence offer 1 Box Blenheim Cucumber 15c
1 Box Grand Globe Beet 15c
1 " " Earliest Carrot 15c
1 " Kaiser Wilhelm Lettuce 15c
1 " Earliest Melon 15c
1 " Giant Yellow Onion 15c
1 " 14-Day Radish 15c
1 " Brilliant Flower Seeds 15c
Worth \$1.00, for 14 cents.
Above 10 pkgs. worth \$1.00 we will mail you free together with our great plant and seed catalogue upon receipt of this notice and 14c. postage. How can we do it? Because we want new customers and know if you once try Salzer's seed, you'll never never get along without them! Catalogue alone 5c. postage, 1c.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROIXE, WIS.

HOMESEKER EXCURSIONS...
on First and Third Tuesdays in EACH MONTH to
VIRGINIA
via NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY.
For full information as to Rates and Tickets and for Land Pamphlets and descriptive matter address ALLEN HULL, D. P. Agt., COLUMBUS, OHIO.

SOUTHERN HOMES IN TEXAS
In the celebrated Coast Country. Cheap and on reasonable terms, fruit, vegetable and field crop farms. Great production, direct markets. Diversified crops. Travel via Frisco Line from St. Louis. For land literature, maps, excursion rates and full information, write
THE AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
505 Rec Bldg., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH
KRAUSERS LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE
Circular, E. Krauser & Bro., Milton, Pa.

One of Mrs. Pinkham's Talks
Concerning a Mother's Duty to Her Young Daughter. Together with a Chat with Miss Marie Johnson.

The balance wheel of a woman's life is menstruation. On the proper performance of this function depends her health. Irregularity lays the foundation of many diseases, and is in itself symptom of disease. It is of the greatest importance that regularity be accomplished as soon as possible after the flow is an established fact.

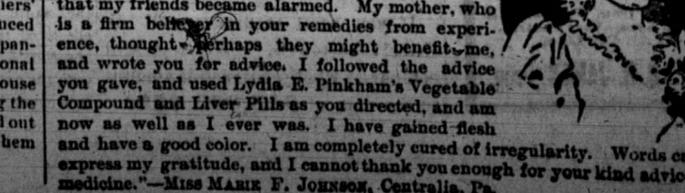
Disturbance of the menstrual function poisons the blood. In young girls suppression develops latent inherited tendencies to scrofula or consumption, and no time must be lost in restoring regularity. Many a young girl goes to her grave because this difficulty has been thought lightly of, and mother has said, "Time will bring about a cure; she is young, I don't worry about her."

Mother, when you see your daughter languid and indifferent to things that usually interest a young girl, when you note that flush on her cheek, that glassy appearance in her eyes; when your daughter tells you that even the weight of her dress waists oppresses her, and that she has terrible pains in her stomach shortly after eating, don't ignore these signs! If you do, you will be following your daughter to the grave, for she will die!

This is gospel truth—she is developing consumption of the bowels!

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest regulator known to medicine. Make haste to use it on the first appearance of the tell-tale symptoms; it will restore all the female organs to their normal condition. Miss Marie Johnson's letter to Mrs. Pinkham, which follows, should interest all mothers and young ladies. She says:

"My health became so poor that I had to leave school. I was tired all the time, and had dreadful pains in my side and back. I would have the headache so badly that everything would appear black before my eyes, and I could not go on with my studies. I was also troubled with irregularity of menses. I was very weak, and lost so much flesh that my friends became alarmed. My mother, who is a firm believer in your remedies from experience, thought perhaps they might benefit me, and wrote you for advice. I followed the advice you gave, and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as you directed, and am now as well as I ever was. I have gained flesh and have a good color. I am completely cured of irregularity. Words cannot express my gratitude, and I cannot thank you enough for your kind advice and medicine."—Miss MARIE F. JOHNSON, Centralia, Pa.



M. MELINE, the French premier, proposes to encourage large families in France by giving preference to families containing more than three children in distributing government scholarships and posts, and by regulating promotions and allowances according to the number of children.

It is said that the kaiser may not be able to attend Queen Victoria's jubilee celebration. He has method in this, as his grandmother might seize the opportunity to have a plain talk with him about some of his recent ignoring of family ties. It is said that William II. is afraid of his august relative.

PERHAPS the most remarkable art exhibit in the world is that of the lunatics in Ville-Evrard asylum in Paris. Most of the patients in the asylum have been painters or designers, and the physicians in charge inaugurated a "salon" of their work. The effect on the minds of the patients is said to be excellent.

It has been a source of interest and wonder to Arctic explorers to find such quantities of singing birds within the Arctic circle. They are abundant beyond belief. But the immense crops of cranberries, crowberries and cloudberries that ripen in the northern swamps account for the presence of the birds.

Mrs. MARIA LLOYD STEELE, who died the other day in Annapolis, Md., in her 92d year, was a daughter of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star-Spangled Banner." She was born in the old Key homestead at Hlenheim, formerly Bladensburg. She was a descendant of Gov. Lloyd, of Maryland, and a niece of Chief Justice Taney.

NOTHING can exceed the power of the voice of a perfect orator. Edward Everett, whose own utterance was such an entrancing spell, declared that Webster's voice was the most melodious that ever issued from human lips. Henry Clay's voice was called a band of music. Beecher's voice was a trumpet or a lute at will. George William Curtis' voice was "a harp of a thousand strings."

STAGES propelled by motors are soon to be introduced on Fifth avenue, New York. The stages are now drawn by horses, which seem out of place in these piping days of rapid transit. The directors of the Fifth Avenue Stage company, therefore, have concluded to experiment with motors, and if the scheme works well they will equip the 50 stages of the company in that way.

A SEMI-OFFICIAL notification has been issued by the prince of Wales, recommending that the schemes on the part of the people destined to celebrate in a fitting manner the sixtieth anniversary of the queen's accession to the throne should take the form of "works of mercy among the sick and suffering and of enterprises that may tend to brighten and ameliorate the condition of the poorer subjects of her majesty."

THERE is a hamlet in Hancock county, Maine, known as Green Lake, but it was never known that it got this appellation from its great wealth in frogs. The Ellsworth Enterprise, however, reports that Mr. Laban Franklin had occasion to put a lump of lime into his spring a few days ago, then in a few days cleaned it out. In doing so he found 350 frogs, most of them dead, evidently killed by the lime. He continued his search, and, taking the wall down, found 25 to 30 more.

The big ocean grayhounds will soon be equipped with lifeboats harnessed to balloons, so as to be practically unsinkable. Cylinders filled with compressed gas will be placed in compartments of the lifeboats, and from these the balloon, which will be harnessed with cords to a hollow mast connected with the cylinders, is inflated. The mast, which is iron tubing, is adjustable. The combination boat will doubtless prove of the greatest service in saving people far out at sea.

MANY people have a genuine curiosity to know if they would be seasick in case they should take an ocean voyage. An easy way to put the matter to a test is to stand before the ordinary mirror that turns in its frame, and let some one move it slowly and slightly at first, and gradually growing faster while you look fixedly at your own reflection. If you feel no effect whatever from it, the chances are that you can stand an ordinary sea voyage without any qualm.

THE Engineering and Mining Journal, an excellent authority, makes the world's output of gold during the year 1896 \$218,500,000, against \$201,105,000 in 1895. Other experts predict that when actual returns have been received the output of 1896 will reach \$220,000,000. The United States is at the head of the list of gold producers, with \$37,000,000, or a little over \$10,000,000 more than in 1895. Africa comes next, with a small increase. The bulk of the increase is in the United States.

AFTER THE RAILWAYS.

Several Have a Fight on Their Hands in the Legislature.

Annual Sessions of the General Assembly Proposed—Labor Measures Noticed—Other Notes of General Interest.

[Special Correspondence.] Lansing, Feb. 3.—Gov. Pingree's attack on the Detroit street railway companies came to the surface in the house Thursday. A bill was introduced which embodies the ideas outlined by the governor in his inaugural message. It contemplates a law forbidding the extension of the franchise of any corporation in Michigan during the constitutional period of 30 years for which the franchise under which it may be operating was granted. In other words a corporation cannot apply to a board of aldermen for a new lease of 30 years' life ten or fifteen years before its corporate life expires. Another bill requires companies in cities having a population of 150,000 to give at least a five-minute service. A bill requiring that all railroad companies in the lower peninsula reduce passenger fares to two cents per mile is being prepared for introduction.

The Pullman and Wagner palace and dining car companies have also a fight on their hands. Among the bills presented last week in the house was one providing for a tax of ten mills on the dollar upon the actual value of the capital stock of all kinds in the hands of these companies, invested in Michigan during the year preceding the taxable year. Provision is made for taxing cars that run in and out of the state. Those companies whose business is confined to Michigan, and who pay specific and other taxes, are exempted.

A proposition to amend the constitution so as to provide for annual sessions of the legislature has been noticed, the plan being to devote 50 days the first year to the introduction of bills which shall not be acted upon until the following year, thus giving the people time to consider them fully.

Labor measures noticed prohibit the payment of employes in anything but cash and make all general election days legal holidays. The latter bill is designed to make it impossible for employers to disfranchise their men by requiring them to work or lose their jobs. Another bill provides for the branding of all convict made goods, while a fourth absolutely prohibits the contracting of convict labor and provides that the prisoners be employed at hand work for state institutions and on the highways.

One of the good roads measures which became a law two years ago provides that farmers whose wagon tires are of a certain width shall be exempted from one-fourth of the road tax. Representative Bricker says the result has been the diminution of revenue and the consequent loss of road improvement. He has a bill to repeal the law of 1895.

Gov. Pingree has appointed Nathan M. Richardson, of Caro, assistant adjutant general of the state militia. Mr. Richardson was born in 1845, entered the Second Michigan infantry at the age of 16 and served honorably with it all through the war. He was wounded several times and was a prisoner for many months.

The bill recently introduced for the organization of a new county to be called Pingree county provides for the cutting of Ontonagon county squarely in two and the south half to be called Pingree. As now organized people who live in the southern part of the county have to go to Sidnaw, Houghton county, and from there 45 miles to Ontonagon to reach the county seat, making a distance of about 75 miles from Ewen, which is directly south of Ontonagon, 24 miles, but the long route has to be taken. Ewen will undoubtedly be chosen as the county seat for Pingree county.

The labor men scored a victory in the house Tuesday, securing the passage by the committee of the whole of the Eikhof bill, providing that blowers be used on all dustmaking machines in factories and authorizing deputy sheriffs to make complaints for violations.

The anti-railroad pass fever has broken out in the legislature in most virulent form. The question has been frequently discussed since the session began, and many members have returned passes sent them. Tuesday Representative Lusk gave notice of a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution making it an offense punishable by removal from office for any public official to accept a free railroad pass or a telegraph, telephone or express frank. It is not improbable that such a proposition will be submitted to the people at the fall election.

Lost Three Members. A bachelor's club, at Tekosha numbers 22 members. The club was organized seven years ago, and they have a custom each year of having a picture taken. Members that marry during the year must treat the club Christmas day. There were three marriages from the club last year.

Will Import Mexican Quail. Sportsmen in southwestern Michigan will import some Mexican quail, which breed faster than the American kind, and turn them loose. In this way it is expected that in a year or two there will be good quail shooting in that section.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

The Thirty-Ninth General Assembly Convened at Lansing.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 2.—No business was transacted in the senate yesterday. Lansing, Mich., Feb. 3.—In the senate yesterday bills were introduced exempting real estate mortgages from taxation and a general insolvency bill. The most important bills noticed were: Making an appropriation of \$20,000 for the erection of an executive mansion; to prevent the forfeiture of fire insurance companies when violations of the conditions of the policies have been made without prejudice to the insurer. The most important bill passed was that establishing permanent headquarters for the Michigan G. A. R. in the capitol building.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 4.—The senate yesterday refused to confirm the nomination of Gen. William Hartstuf, of Port Huron, for inspector general of the Michigan national guard. The nomination of J. B. Caswell, of Bay City, for salt inspector was confirmed. Bills were noticed prohibiting the making of reports regarding the financial standing of any individual or corporation without consent, and to compel railroads to carry passengers at two cents per mile.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 5.—In the senate yesterday the nominations of Thomas F. Marston, of Bay City, and Arthur C. Bird, of Highland, for members of the state board of agriculture, for six years, were sent to the senate by Gov. Pingree. In executive session the senate refused to confirm them and they were referred to the committee on executive business. Bills were noticed requiring railroad companies to carry bicycles as baggage, and preventing the forfeiture of fire insurance policies for violation of any condition when such violation is without prejudice to the insured.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 6.—Senator Westcott noticed a bill yesterday prohibiting any life insurance company of another state from transacting business in Michigan unless one or more of its directors is a citizen of this state.

The House. Lansing, Mich., Feb. 2.—Bills were introduced in the house yesterday to reincorporate the city of Kalamazoo; increasing the bounty for destruction of wolves; prohibiting the issue of scrip to employes by individuals or corporations; to provide for the employment of convicts in road building in any county in the state; amending the charter of the city of Negaunee. Mr. Chamberlain introduced a joint resolution looking to an amendment to the state constitution to provide for annual sessions of the legislature not to exceed 75 days; also a joint resolution fixing the compensation of members at \$750.

The most important bills noticed are: Authorizing the appointment of guardians for habitual drunkards; making appropriation of \$10,000 to enable the fish and game warden to more effectually protect game and fish; appropriating \$35,000 for the Newberry insane asylum; providing method for bringing suits against voluntary but unincorporated clubs and societies; to change the name of the Michigan mining school to the Michigan college of mines, and an absolute prohibition of the hunting and killing of quail.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 3.—Bills were introduced in the house yesterday as follows: Abolishing pads and stamps from election booths and substituting black pencils and erasers; amending the general tax law; more clearly defining the divorce laws, so that they may be more uniformly construed; changing the name of the Michigan mining school to the Michigan school of mines; Mr. Graham's nursery inspection bill; increasing the standing appropriation providing for a fish and game warden to \$10,000; increasing the salary of the fish and game warden from \$1,200 to \$2,000.

The most important bills noticed were: Providing that the formula for baking powders be printed on outside of packages; appropriating \$4,000 for completing the compilation of records in the adjutant general's office; making all constables authorized game wardens providing for the selling and mortgaging of the right of dower of insane married persons; prohibiting the use of passes by any public officer; providing a specific tax of five per cent. of the pro-rate gross earnings of parlor, sleeping, dining and drawing-room car companies; to increase the uniform retail liquor tax to \$750.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 4.—Bills were introduced in the house yesterday requiring the formula of baking powders to be printed on the outside of packages; providing for ascertaining the interest of the state of Michigan in escheated estates; providing the manner in which servant girls may quit or be discharged, requiring one week's notice in either case; amending the general tax law; making appropriation of \$4,000 to complete the compilation of records in the attorney-general's office.

The most important bills noticed were: Providing for the use of Michigan coal in all state institutions; making an appropriation of \$125,000 for the Michigan mining school; for the equalization of bounties for soldiers and sailors in the war of the rebellion; fixing the liabilities of persons and corporations where parties injured were partly in fault; providing the annual license of \$50 upon each sleeping car and fixing the price of berths at \$1 and seats during the day at 50 cents each, and for closing the upper berth when not occupied if requested to do so by the occupant of the berth below; providing for an agricultural and horticultural experiment station in the upper peninsula; establishing a state reformatory for women.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 5.—Bills were introduced in the house yesterday providing for the sending of persons acquitted of murder upon the ground of insanity to the criminal insane asylum for a period of three years; prohibiting the insurance of lives of persons under 17 or over 65 years of age; providing for the organization of local building and loan associations; requiring notaries public to use a seal, and to certify to the date of the expiration of their commission; providing for a license fee of \$50 upon sleeping cars; providing for the labeling and branding of prison-made goods; providing for a two-cent railroad fare.

A bill for the suppression of mob violence was noticed by Mr. Dickenson, the colored member from Wayne. It provides that persons who are taken out and whipped or stoned may collect damages from the county in the sum of \$1,000; in cases of injury from attempted lynchings, damages may be recovered of from \$500 to \$5,000, and in case death results \$5,000 may be collected by the heirs of the victim.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 6.—A bill proposing a tax of 50 cents per year on bicycles was introduced in the house yesterday. It is said to be in the interest of wheelmen, as it provides that the revenue from the tax be placed in a special fund to be used for the construction of bicycle roads. The supervisors and a committee of wheelmen in each county are designated to determine what roads shall be repaired. There is a strong sentiment among legislators in favor of the enactment of a liquor law similar to the Nicholson law in Indiana, and the indications are that such a measure will be favorably reported at an early day.

The special mail service between Little River and Marsh, Menominee county, has been discontinued.

REVISING THE TARIFF.

Rapid Progress Made by House Ways and Means Committee.

A New Revenue Measure Well Advanced—Some of the More Important Schedules That Have Been Practically Decided Upon.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The work of framing the new tariff law has been well advanced by the republican members of the ways and means committee, and rapid progress has been made with the leading schedules. The progress made by the committee indicates that they will have the bill well advanced by the close of the present session on March 4, in spite of the fact that some puzzling questions remain to be dealt with. Following is the action decided upon with regard to some schedules:

Important Change on Cattle. The wine and spirit schedule of the McKinley bill has been adopted almost without the erasure of a line. One of the most important changes is on live cattle, which are covered by a blanket provision of the existing law for all live animals at 20 cents ad valorem. The rate under the new law will be 45 per cent on cattle more than one year old, and 25 per cent ad valorem on cattle valued above \$20.

Farm Products. The rate on barley is the McKinley rate of 30 cents per bushel, which was demanded by the American barley growers. Hay is put at \$4 per ton, the same as in the McKinley law, and hops at 15 cents per pound, which is also an extract from the McKinley law. Vegetables all go back to the McKinley rates, potatoes being put at 25 cents per bushel and flaxseed at 20 cents per bushel. Other items on which McKinley rates are restored are: Salt, 12 cents per 100 pounds in packages and 8 cents when in bulk; starch, 2 cents per pound; salt meat extracts, 35 cents per pound; salt meats, 25 per cent; milk, 5 cents per gallon, and poultry, 20 per cent. Eggs go back to 5 cents per dozen and berries to the old McKinley rate.

The Chemical Schedule. Under the chemical schedule soap made of caustic of soda and kindred chemicals remain at the rate fixed in the Wilson law, which is considered sufficiently protective. The principal oils are left at existing rates, except in the case of linseed and flaxseed oil, where an advance was required because of the restoration of the McKinley duties on the raw material. Refined borax is advanced from 2 cents to 3 cents per pound, which is somewhat under the McKinley rate. There are only slight changes in dyestuffs and their elements.

Iron and Steel. Lead in ores is fixed at 1 cent per pound, pig lead is 2 cents, and white lead and lead acetates at 2 1/2 cents. These rates are considerably less than those of the McKinley law. The iron and steel schedule was left in a fairly satisfactory condition to the manufacturers by the present law, and will not be changed, except upon a few special articles, like tin plate and cotton ties and some of the forms of tube steel.

Cotton, Wool, Etc. A rate of 3 cents per pound upon all classes of wool has been suggested as a probable compromise upon the raw product. The cotton schedule was satisfactory in its present construction to many of the manufacturers when it was put in its present form, and they are asking only minor changes. Wines and spirits will be made satisfactory, if possible, to the California grape growers and manufacturers. The earthenware schedule will also be incomplete, but will be put upon a firm protective basis. The rates on decorated china were put exceptionally low in the present law, because of irritation between the manufacturers and their employes. The new rates will be subjected to some advances. The smaller sizes of plate glass are advanced from 5 to 8 cents per foot when not exceeding 16 by 24 inches, and from 8 to 12 cents per foot when not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square.

Bayard Gives Wales a Dinner. London, Feb. 4.—Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador, gave a dinner in honor of the prince of Wales Wednesday evening. In the course of the evening Ambassador Bayard, in a few well-chosen words, offered a toast to her gracious majesty, Queen Victoria, and the prince of Wales proposed the health of President Cleveland, speaking in generous terms of America's chief magistrate.

Besides the guest of the occasion, the list of those present included Cardinal Vaughan, Lord Salisbury, Marquis of Lansdowne, Lord Halsbury, lord high chancellor of England; earl of Leven and Melville, Earl Stanhope, earl of Capersdown, earl of North Brook, Earl Carrington, Lord Esber, Lord Balfour of Burleigh; Hon. Thomas B. Ferguson, United States minister to Sweden; Lord Playfair, Lord Russell of Killowen, lord chief justice of England; Sir William Colville, Sir William Russell, Sir Charles Hall, Sir Robert Clements Markham, Sir Evelyn Wood, Gen. Clarke, Mr. J. R. Carter, secretary of the United States embassy, and Lieut. Commander Cowles, naval attache to the American embassy.

Suicide of a St. Paul Druggist. St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 5.—Mr. Peter J. Dreis, the oldest druggist in St. Paul and a leading politician, committed suicide Thursday. His son, a boy of 13 years, had thrown a snowball at a man in a cutter, the ball striking the horse and causing it to run away. This runaway resulted directly in three other runaways in which large damage was done. Two of the injured parties called at the drug establishment of Mr. Dreis and demanded damages. Without making any answer to their demands he walked directly into the office at the rear of the store and shot himself, death being instantaneous.

Bread Riots at Madrid. Madrid, Feb. 3.—Serious strikes and bread riots have taken place here. There have been manifestations before the town hall, windows have been broken and many arrests have been made. The municipal authorities have resigned, owing to their inability to suppress the disturbances, and martial law has been proclaimed.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Lumber Statistics. Ed Cowles, lumber statistician, has compiled a statement showing the Michigan lumber and shingle output in 1896. The state produced 2,166,252,982 feet of lumber and 941,527,200 shingles. At the close of the year there was in the hands of manufacturers 1,140,316,185 feet of lumber and 208,316,600 shingles. The output last year as compared with 1895 shows a decrease of \$65,000,000 feet.

Married in the Courtroom. Delbert E. Mittan, charged with stealing an express package of \$2,000 from the American Express company in Niles on November 18 last was acquitted in the circuit court at St. Joseph. When the jury announced their verdict the defendant and his sweetheart, Miss Mattie Edwards, through whose evidence the defendant was discharged, were united in marriage in the courtroom.

Woman Saves a Train. The Chicago & West Michigan fast train from Chicago was saved from wreck by a woman and a red tablecloth. A horse became caught in a cattle guard when the train was nearly due. Taking the red cloth from the table the woman ran through a storm to stop the train. She succeeded, and when the horse was extricated the train proceeded.

Took His Own Life. S. S. Leeland, a former business man and highly respected citizen of Quincy, committed suicide by hanging. His wife on going to the barn about noon found his lifeless body suspended from a joist. No cause is assigned for the rash act. He was about 55 years of age and a member of the G. A. R. and masonic order.

Health in Michigan. During the week ending January 30 reports sent in by 62 observers in various portions of the state indicated that erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 176 places, typhoid fever at 24, diphtheria at 47, scarlet fever at 29, measles at 49 and whooping cough at 13 places.

School Building Burned. The high school building in Kalamazoo was burned, the loss being \$40,000; insurance, \$20,000. Fred Wildsmith and Fred Winslow, firemen, fell from a ladder, the former sustaining a broken leg and the latter a seriously injured back, resulting in paralysis of the lower limbs.

Two Children Cremated. The house of Seeley Wakely, in Grove township, near Grayling, was destroyed by fire and two children, both under four years of age, were burned to death. The children were alone in the house at the time the fire occurred and its origin is unknown.

Brief Items of News. The Holland & Emery store at East Tawas has closed business and divided its stock. Fred B. Bathey, United States immigrant inspector at the tunnel depot, Port Huron, was killed while passing from one car to another in the St. Clair tunnel. The stock barns of Wesley Steichter were burned at Brown City and two valuable teams, five milch cows, a calf and several farming implements were burned.

The store containing the post office at Flanders was burned, but most of the government property was saved. Depositors in the broken First national bank at Ithaca have received a first dividend of 20 per cent. It is thought the bank will soon resume business. John D. Pearson, captain of the life-saving station of Thunder Bay island station, has saved 1,200 lives during his official term. The attempt to organize a grange at Oceana county proved a failure.

The fourth annual exhibit of the Upper Peninsula Poultry association was held at Marquette with an unusually large number of entries. Michigan deaf mutes are agitating the formation of a home for the aged and infirm deaf of the state. Lizzie Kenney, formerly of Lansing, was fatally burned at the county poorhouse, of which she was an inmate. One Davison farmer lost 68 sheep in a big storm.

John and Mark Lane were sentenced at Traverse City to Marquette prison for a year for stealing an ox. The stringency of the times caused the clothing firm of Grow & Co., of Pontiac, to file chattel mortgages to the amount of \$16,000. John Drexlet, of New Buffalo, dragged his rifle along on the ground and the bullet went through his head, causing death. A new disease, not yet named, has appeared among the children at Elkton. It has proved fatal with at least 75 per cent. of the children attacked.

The plant of the Round Oak stove works at Dowagiac will soon be reopened and give employment to over 300 men. Anson Gregory, of Galesburg, while drunk, beat his wife to death, while holding her on a stove. He is in jail. Mrs. J. K. Ritter, a director in the First national bank at Cassopolis, committed suicide while temporarily insane.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Feb. 7th, 1897.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express...5:20 A. M.
No 36—Atlantic Express.....7:15 A. M.
No 12—Grand Rapids Express...10:40 A. M.
No 4—Mail and Express.....3:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.

No 3—Mail and Express.....9:25 A. M.
No 13—Grand Rapids Express...6:30 P. M.
No 7—Chicago Night Express...9:50 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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Chelsea and Vicinity.

Mrs. H. S. Speer is seriously ill. Next Sunday is St. Valentin's Day. Dr. Rolly left for Adrian last Friday. Basil Haberstroh is again a resident of Chelsea.

Royal Royce, of Jackson, spent Sunday in town.

Village election three weeks from next Monday.

Miss Anna Neckel returned to Monroe last week.

John Farrell is laid up with the rheumatism.

H. M. Woods, of Ann Arbor, was in town Tuesday.

The Glazier Stove Co. started their foundry last week.

A. R. Congdon, of Dexter, was in town Monday on business.

Matt Jensen is getting the lumber on the ground for a new barn.

Geo. E. Davis will make his home with his sister, Mrs. R. B. Gates

Miss Ella Koons, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Dr. R. M. Speer, of Battle Creek, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Wurster and daughter spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

J. W. Beissel closed out the balance of his stock of groceries last Saturday.

Miss Eva Foster, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of relatives here for a short time.

The M. C. R. R. changed time last Sunday. See new time card on another page.

The Miss Mary and Nora Ruen, of Pinckney, were recent guests of friends in Chelsea.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, Feb. 17.

Mrs. Wm. Rheinfrank attended the funeral of a relative at Bridgewater last Saturday.

F. C. Mapes entertained a dozen friends at supper at the Chelsea House last Saturday evening.

The B. Y. P. U. social, which was to have been held Friday evening, has been indefinitely postponed.

Miss Mary Howe, of Chicago, is the guest of her brother, Michael J. Howe, of Sylvan, for a few weeks.

The Misses Leilla Tinsman and Ethel Dudley, of Holly, were the guests of the Misses Maroney the past week.

Fred Seger, who has leased the Westfall farm for the past few years, will remove to the Harlow farm near Francisco next month.

F. Beeman, of Waterloo, is the boss wood hauler. Last week, with three teams, he drew 41 cords of 4-foot wood to town.

John Martin, of Ann Arbor, who has been the guest of his cousin, Herbert McKune, for the past week, left for home last Monday.

The bans of marriage were published last Sunday for the first time between John H. Wade, Jr., of Lima, and Miss B. L. Howe, of Sylvan.

J. B. McMahon and wife, of Ludington, Mich., and Geo. P. McMahon, wife and daughter, of Detroit, are guests of Dr. H. W. Schmidt for a few days.

D. C. McLaren, of Lima, has rented his farm and will remove to town. He will occupy Geo. E. Davis' handsome residence on Summit street.

Mr. August Neuburger was stricken with apoplexy last Sunday, Feb. 7, at 6 p. m. At this writing he is no better, and slight hopes are entertained of his recovery.

D. B. Taylor will leave for Detroit next Monday afternoon to attend the Grand Lodge A. O. U. W. He will be chairman of the committee on credentials for the fourth time.

Chelsea Lodge No. 67, A. O. U. W., delivered to Mrs. Martin a check for \$2,000 on Wednesday. That was the amount carried by her late husband in said organization. He was a member of the lodge seventeen years and paid into it \$300. That was a good investment.

Tom Biddle, the 9-year-old son of Ira Biddle, who lives near Saline, received a charge of shot in the shoulder last Sunday from a musket in the hands of an older brother. It went off while he was placing the cap. The shoulder was badly torn, but the wound will not prove fatal.

At a Democratic caucus held in the town hall last Saturday afternoon the following delegates were chosen to attend the county convention: Jas. Taylor, H. Lighthall, J. S. Gorman, Geo. W. Beckwith, N. E. Freer, B. B. Turnbull, J. W. Beissel, David Rockwell, George Staffan, Milo Updike, John Neckel, Joseph Sibley and Germaine Foster.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Feb. 3, 1897.

Board met in special session. Meeting called to order by President. Roll call by Clerk.
Present—Wm. P. Schenk, President; Trustees Glazier, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.
Absent—Trustees Mensing and Foster.
Moved by Raftery and supported by Vogel, that the following bills be allowed and orders drawn on Treasurer for same: Chelsea electric Light Co., light for December, 1896.....\$179 67
Chas. Steinbach, 4 straps for hose carts..... 40
E. D. Lane, 4 loads cinders at 20c. 80
Howard Fisk, hauling 4 loads gravel at 40c..... 1 00
Roy Leach, cleaning chimney on Council Room..... 50
F. P. Glazier, water supply for December, 1896..... 94 75
F. P. Glazier, water supply for January, 1897..... 94 75
Chelsea Electric Light Co., lights for January, 1897..... 182 00
W. J. Knapp, 2 windows put in lockup..... 3 25
Rush Green, salary for January, 1897..... 85 00
Israel Vogel, blacksmithing..... 65
\$593 37

Yeas—Glazier, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.

Nays—None.

Carried.

Report of Treasurer for January, 1897: Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1897.....\$180 06
Cash received during January.... 4 50
\$184 56

Orders paid during January..... 126 97

Cash on hand Feb. 1, 1897.....\$ 57 59

Moved by Wedemeyer and supported by Raftery, that the report of the Treasurer for January be accepted and placed on file.

Carried.

Petition of Jas. Wade and others relative to a sidewalk on the east side of Grant street:

To the Common Council of the Village of Chelsea.

We, the undersigned taxpayers of said village, respectfully petition your honorable body to order a sidewalk laid on the east side of Grant street from its intersection with Middle street to its intersection with South street.

Dated January 12, 1897.

Jas. L. Wade. G. Weick.
Frank McNamara. C. Steinbach.
August Zulke. A. Steger.
Mrs. E. Winters. B. Steinbach.
Owen Murphy. H. M. Conk.
Patrick McCover. Frank F. Brooks.
Thos. C. Jackson. H. A. Puige.
Thomas Kelly. S. D. Laird.
Dan Corey. Geo. S. Laird.
A. E. Winans.

On motion the above petition was referred to Street Committee.

Communication from Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

To the Honorable the Village Council of Chelsea.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union having noticed in the record of the proceedings of the Village Council that the matter of the "Curfew Law" is being under consideration in your honorable body as a desirable and possible enactment for the village of Chelsea, we hereby desire to express our approval of said consideration and to urge that the matter be soon brought to a favorable issue by the establishment of such an ordinance for our village.

Respectfully submitted.

H. M. TAYLOR, Pres.

Mrs. E. S. PRUDDEN, Sec.

On motion the above communication was referred to Ordinance Committee.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the Clerk be directed to obtain the proper ladder for use in case of fire to reach the rope to the fire bell.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by Wedemeyer, that the Clerk be instructed to remit two dollars to the Secretary of State in payment for eight copies of the village charter.

Carried.

Moved by Raftery and supported by Glazier, that the Street Committee procure fifty swamp oak hitching posts, also 500 feet 2x6x12, same material.

Carried.

On motion the above minutes were approved.

On motion Board adjourned.

W. P. SCHENK, President.
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Lost.

Monday, Feb. 8, a black-and-tan hound; white legs with spots; tall about one-third white; brown spot over each eye; eight months old; had strap around neck with ring. Finder will receive liberal reward. GEO. B. GOODWIN, Chelsea.

G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

E. J. PHELPS, M. D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon
Office and Residence on Park street, opposite M. E. church.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN

DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

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H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,

Attorney at Law

Notary Public, Insurance and Real Estate.

Office in the Hatch & Durand Building, Chelsea, Mich.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1897:

Jan. 12; Feb. 16; Mar. 16; April 13; May 11; June 8, July 13; Aug-10; Sept. 7; Oct. 5; Nov. 2; annual meeting and election of officers-

Dec. 7. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

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Here and There.

Wm. Rheinfrank is on the sick list. Edward Gallagher left for Adrian last Tuesday. Jas. Hudler called on Stockbridge friends last week. Mrs. Geo. Irwin is visiting her daughter at Wilkesbarre, Pa. Edward Tichenor called on relatives and friends here the past week. Wm. Gage and Wm. Heischwerdt, of Sharon, talk of going to Colorado. Rev. W. J. Thistle is conducting a series of meetings at North Lake. Perhaps more good might be accomplished by ringing a curfew for grown people. Feb. 2 being Robert Howlett's 80th birthday, his sons and grandsons had a family gathering at his residence in Lyndon. Bishop Foley, of Detroit, who is in poor health, is spending some time in New Orleans. Cardinal Gibbons accompanied the Bishop. For sale or exchange for residence in Chelsea, the Cunningham farm, 111 acres, six miles north of Chelsea. Inquire of John Clark, Lyndon. 24

The Waterloo correspondent of the Grass Lake News tells of a dance being held in Lyndon recently which was attended by fifteen young men and not one lady.

Department Commander William Shakespeare, G. A. R., has issued an order announcing the holding of the nineteenth annual encampment at Greenville, Mich., on April 7 and 8 next.

The Epworth League will hold its business meeting Friday evening, Feb. 12. After the business session there will be a Valentine social. Refreshments served free. Valentines 5 to 10 cents each.

Union City girls have organized an "anti-boy" club. The girls claim the boys neglect them in the matter of sleighrides, etc. The boys, on the other hand, plead empty pocketbooks and hard times.

On account of the Presidential inauguration at Washington, D. C., March 4, 1897, the M. C. R. R. will sell excursion tickets at one first-class fare for round trip. Tickets will be sold March 1, 2 and 3, 1897, limited for return to March 8, 1897.

One advantage of being a new woman was made apparent recently in Kalamazoo, Mich., when the Rev. Caroline J. Bartlett, pastor of the People's church, married herself to Dr. A. W. Crane. The preachers ought to protest against this subversion of the marriage industry. How is a poor preacher going to live if people marry themselves?

The fad among girls is the autograph handkerchief. The fair faddist takes a plain linen handkerchief, or it may have a handsome lace border. The "Mouchoir" is passed around among her male acquaintances, who are requested to write their autographs upon it in lead pencil. The pencil marks are then worked over with bright colored silks. The handkerchief when filled with autographs makes a very pretty ornament for a table or bureau.

The annual Michigan Club Banquet will be held in Detroit Feb. 22, and the Republican State Convention Feb. 23. For the convenience of any who may desire to attend either of these gatherings, the Michigan Central will make a rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip; children over 5 years and under 12 one-half adult rate. Tickets good returning, leave Detroit not earlier than Feb. 22 nor later than Feb. 24, inclusive. Dates of sale, Feb. 22 and 23.

Willard Kilpatrick, a young widower aged 35 years and father of two children, who resided three miles northwest of Munith, suicided Friday. About 8 o'clock in the morning he took a dose of Paris green and died at 5 o'clock p. m., after suffering much agony. The cause of his rash deed is given as unreciprocated love. Deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Kilpatrick, one of the most highly respected families in that township. He was a member of K. O. T. M. Tent No. 575.

An amendment to the election law has been drafted which if passed by the legislature will do away with the throwing out of tickets on account of technicalities. He proposes to amend section 36 of act 190 of the public acts of 1891. The amendment strikes out the words: "Any ballot which is not endorsed with the initials of the inspector, as provided in this act, and any ballot which shall bear any distinguishing mark, or mutilation, shall be void and shall not be counted." In place of this he proposes to insert the following, which is taken from the Ohio law: "No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not make it impossible to determine the voter's desire." Representative Peek will introduce the amendment.

A Dangerous Orchard.

The horticultural interests of the state are seriously threatened by an insect known as the San Jose scale, which is likely to appear at any time in our midst, and which will be difficult to eradicate if it obtains a good foothold. It made its appearance in California some twenty years ago and has caused the fruit growers of that state immense sums of money in fighting it and in the loss of trees and fruit. It was carried to New Jersey from California in 1887 upon plum trees and was introduced into several nurseries, but its dangerous character was not fully recognized for several years. In the meantime it had multiplied rapidly and had not only spread to thousands of trees in these nurseries, but had been carried on young trees to nurseries in New York, Maryland and other states, and had been widely distributed over the country upon nursery stock sold by them. It has thus been scattered here and there over nearly all of the Atlantic states, and has been found in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and other western states.

In New Jersey, where it has gained the strongest foothold, it is regarded as the most dangerous foe of the horticulturist; its presence in Ohio has been known for several years, but new colonies are being found in unexpected places, and great damage has been done in many localities, notably upon Catawba Island, where at least 20,000 peach trees have been infested and many of them have been ruined by it; in Illinois it was not detected until recently, but it is now known to occur in at least fifteen places, most of which are widely scattered, and in some of them it has been distributed over an area a half mile square.

While we have no knowledge of its existence in Michigan, it is more than likely that it is scattered over the state, unnoticed, or at least unreported, as the number of shipments of nursery trees into Michigan from infested nurseries is three times as great as into Illinois, where fifteen colonies have been discovered, with other orchards yet to hear from.

This scale attacks the trunks, branches and fruit of all orchard trees, and is also found on the raspberry, blackberry, currant, gooseberry and many shade trees. It is to be especially feared on account of the rapidity with which it multiplies, as there are from three to four broods during a season, and if all come to maturity the progeny of a single female scale will number from 15,000,000 to more than 3,000,000,000 in one season. Its small size permits it to remain unnoticed until its numbers have largely increased, and it has generally been injured if it has not ruined the tree. At best they have but little power to move about, but are distributed to considerable distances upon other insects and birds.

The most probable means of infection to Michigan orchards is upon nursery stock, and particularly if within the past six years you have purchased trees from eastern nurseries we urge you to at once carefully examine them, as there is a possibility that they are infested with this scale. Particular attention should be paid to the branches that are two or three years old or to the trunks of young trees, as there they will be most numerous and more easily detected. When plentiful upon the trees they will have an ash-gray, scurvy appearance, and may cover a considerable area of the bark with several layers of small, flattened scales that can be readily scraped off with the thumb nail. These will for the most part consist of the coverings of dead insects. The living insects are nearly black in color and are about the size of the head of a pin at this time of the year, and are of something the same shape, except that the center is slightly elevated, with a shallow, ring-like depression about it, as can be seen with a magnifying glass.

Sometimes a yellow spot will appear at the center of the elevation, and if the living scales are crushed a yellowish mass can be seen. The wintered-over females bring forth living young in May or June, and then may be as much as an eighth of an inch in diameter, but will be very much flattened.

The young insects are able to move about for a short time, but soon become fixed upon the trees, and, inserting a long, slender tube into the bark, suck out the sap. With thousands and even millions upon a tree it can be readily seen that great injury will be done by robbing the tree of its food and also on account of the punctures made by the insects.

An examination of the inner bark will show it to be of a dark red color, and this can generally be taken as indicative that the San Jose scale is upon the tree. If the scales are very numerous the tree will be ruined in two or three years at most.

In case you find any insects upon your trees that answer the above description, or that you have any reason to think are the

San Jose scale, we urge you to cut off a little of the bark with a number of the insects upon it, and, after soaking it in kerosene to destroy them and avoid the danger of scattering them, mail them to Horticultural Department, State Experiment Station, Agricultural College, Mich. We shall be glad to examine them and report the name of the insect, with remedies for its destruction. By your hearty co-operation in this matter we hope to check the spread of the insect, and this may save the fruit growers of Michigan thousands if not millions of dollars.

If you have any reason to believe that the scale has appeared in your neighborhood we shall be glad to know of it, together with any facts that you have regarding its appearance.

Yours very truly,
L. R. TAFT,
Agr'l. Col., Mich.

Style in Kissing.

From the Ann Arbor Courier: The following beautiful poem is an adaptation, and is not claimed as original by the young man of our acquaintance who has traveled much about the county as an agent, and who has thus acquired a large fund of experience, and so has carefully noted the points of difference among the girls, in a certain respect; but even as an adaptation it is worth reading:

The Ypsilanti girl bows her stately head,
And fixes her stylish lips
In a firm hard way, and lets them go
In spasmodic little snips.

The Milan girl, a creature divine,
Whether wife, widow or miss,
Looks into your eyes with star lit orbs,
And puts her whole soul in her kiss.

The Chelsea girl, the pride of the state,
In her clinging and soulful way,
Absorbs it all with a yearning yearn,
As big as a ton of hay.

The Manchester girl neither sighs nor pines,
Nor acts in a manner rude,
But she goes kissing in a business way
That catches the average dude.

The Whittaker girl bath a don't-care look,
And freezeth her face with a smile,
And sticks out her lips like an open book,
And cheweth her gum meanwhile.

The Ann Arbor girl is gentle and sweet,
Lets her lips meet the coming kiss,
And with rapturous warmth and youthful soul,
Floats away on a sea of bliss.

The Saline girl says never a word,
And you'd think she was rather tame,
With her practical views of the matter in hand,
"But she gets there just the same."

The Salem girl gets a grip on herself,
As she carefully takes off her hat,
And she grabs her prize in a frightened way,
Like a terrier shaking a rat.

The Lyndon girl may be best in the land;
She may not kiss with a smack,
But she leaves the print of her fairy hand
Nicely done in oil on your back.

The Whitmore Lake girl closes her eyes,
When asked to osculate,
And lets the vandal steal the kiss,
Which she really likes first-rate.

The Dexter girl will first refuse,
Just to have you insist and plead,
But when she finally does consent,
Her kiss, you'll confess, takes the lead.

The Superior girl catches the man's moustache
With a grip as tight as glue,
And opening a little her ruby lips,
Pulls her kiss on like a shoe.

The Geddes girl on tip toe stands,
Her lips so tempting and red;
You take her cheeks in both your hand,
"And let'er go, Murphy!" (Gallagher's dead.)

How They Are Pronounced.

Some of the names of people and places seen in the current news dispatches are pronounced as follows:

- Ruis Rivera—Roo-via-rah.
- Ahumada—Ah-oo-math-ah.
- Guanabaco—Whan ah-bass-tho-ah.
- Maximo Gomez—Macks-ce-mo Gometh.
- Obejuna—O-bay-gone.
- Cabezalaz—Ecab-al-sath-as.
- Segura—Say-goo-rah.
- Pinar del Rio—Peenar dail Re-oh (Pine grove by the river.)
- Consolacion del Sur—so-lah-see-one dale Sur (meaning and consolation of the South.)
- San Cristobal—San Cree-sow-bal.
- Melguriza—Mail-gee-thah.
- Ferdinand Hernandez, and similar names, have the accent, as suggested, on the second syllable.
- Nicaragua should be Neck-ab-rah-whab.

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MY VALENTINE



STILL retain its rhythmic flow. Because I read it many times; it ran like this, when long ago it came to me from Billy Grimes.

'Twas "writ" with bright red ink, I mind. And right above a pair of hearts were pierced by knives of some queer kind, Which Billy meant for "Cupid's darts."

DEER GORGIC: IVE LOVED YOU A WULL HARD THO' FORE THIS HERE IVE MADE NO SINE BUT NOW YOU'LL SEE BY THIS SMALL CARD I AM YOUR OWN INKW VALENTINE

Ah, how I laughed until I cried
O'er Billy's sentimental pride:
Tho' well I knew the loyal creed
That lay behind its ill-spelled creed.

Had he not battled for me well,
When once a spiteful boy had said
(He missed and I the word did spell)
My golden locks were "fiery red?"

And had he not—true-hearted boy—
Saved up his pence to buy a treat,
And then with quaint, transparent joy,
Laid down the treasure at my feet?

'Tis true I scorned his snubby nose,
His freckles and his warty hands;
His odd, old-fashioned, home-made clothes,
His servile mien at my commands.

And with a girl's strange wayward whim,
Behind my checkered pinafore,
I joined in making sport of him,
Because myself he did adore.

Poor Billy! years have come and gone
Since last I gazed into your eyes,
And saw, like some poor wounded fawn,
Your look of anguish and surprise.

And I have roamed 'mid scenes afar,
Have quaffed life's cup unto the lees;
And on my heart is many a scar
Of woundings made by hate's decrees.

And oft I wonder, after all,
If with that little blotted line
That lies beneath time's somber pall,
I did not lose "My Valentine."
—Rosa Pearle, in Chicago Tribune.

THE HIGH-TOP SWEETING TREE A Valentine Story



HEY all cried—everyone of the Bells, from Peggy, who was 16, down to Rufus (who was six, and despised a crybaby), when old Mr. Pigeon moved away. He was such a tried and trusty friend, and, if he was 60, such a congenial companion. He was always ready to go fishing or coasting with the boys, or to take the girls to drive; although he was a bachelor and lived alone, and had a double carriage and the largest sleigh on Pippin Hill—because he had so large a heart, Peggy said. He knew as much about the wild things in the woods as "The Hunter's Own Book" and on a rainy day or when one had the mumps or the measles he would tell stories by the dozen—stories that were worth telling, too, for he had been "round the world and home again," and knew all there was to know about cannibals and buccaniers and wild men, and all such distinguished and interesting people.

It happened that the only houses on the tip-top of Pippin Hill were the Belfry (I suppose the Bells' house may have received that name because Papa Bell always spoke of his children as his "small fry;" anyway, that is what everyone in Bloomsboro' called it) and the old Pigeon house, which had belonged to this Mr. Pigeon's grandfather. The houses backed up to each other, and there was a mutual backyard fence, so, of course, it was very desirable that the neighbors should be friendly and congenial; more than this, there was a mutual apple tree. The gnarled old "high-top sweeting" was directly on the boundary line between the two estates, and the mutual fence had been cut in two to make space for it. Its branches were low and spreading, in spite of its high top, and they spread very impartially over the Bells' smooth lawn and over Mr. Pigeon's orchard, and dropped their delicious fruit—early, the first sweet apples that there were—almost as evenly as if it were measured on each of their owners' land. The only difference was that the August sunshine lay longer upon Mr. Pigeon's side, so the first red and yellow, mellow and juicy apples dropped upon his orchard grass—and he tossed them up to Christine in her seat in the low crotch of the tree, the seat that he had made for her.

It was Christine who thought the most of Mr. Pigeon and he of her, because they both had a twist, Christine said. She would always speak of her trouble cheerfully, even jokingly. You would scarcely have thought that she

mind it at all; it was a spinal weakness which had bowed her shoulders and twisted her head to one side. The others didn't mind much when Christine was left out of things; they were a rough, merry set, but Mr. Pigeon had always remembered her. His twist was in one of his legs; he had to wear an uncomfortable iron boot, and walked with a queer, sideways motion.

When Becky, who was 11 and was called the Bloomsboro' Budget, because she carried all the news, came home with the dreadful intelligence that Mr. Pigeon was going to move away, no one would believe it.

"In the first place, it's too dreadful to be true, and in the next place he would have told us," said Peggy.

But it really proved to be true. Mr. Pigeon's sister—his own sister!—had gone to law to obtain a share of her grandfather's estate, which he had failed to bequeath to her because she had gone contrary to his wishes in some way, and the only share that she would have was that old estate on Pippin Hill. Perhaps the law might force her to take something else as her share, since he had held possession there so long; but she was Hitty, and he should give it up to her. That was what Mr. Pigeon said in answer to the indignant remonstrances of the Bells. She was Hitty; that was all he would say; perhaps it wasn't much of a reason, but the Bells understood. We all know what it is to give up things to people just because they are Iky or Polly or John.

So it happened that the Bells' dear Mr. Pigeon went away to a little house that he owned down at Pequanket Mills and Miss Mehitable Pigeon came to live at the old place on Pippin Hill and owned half of the high-top sweeting tree.

And the very first thing she did—it was September when she came—was to threaten to have Tommy Bell arrested, because when he shook their side of the tree her side shook too, and she said the top of the tree leaned toward their side and more apples fell there, so when the apples were picked and divided she must have an extra bushel. She threatened to have their yellow kitten drowned because he scampered after the flying leaves in her garden, and she did have their cross gobbler killed because it ran after her red morning gown, as a gobbler will, you know, and gobbled at her. He wasn't much loss, and she sent him home plucked and dressed, with the message that she should have eaten him if she had not feared he would be tough.

She complained that Becky's peacock squawked and Dicky's guinea pigs squeaked, and the vane on their stable had "a rusty squeak" that kept her awake nights; and if one of the little Bells mounted the fence she came out and "shooed" him off as if he were a chicken.

Christine, who was inclined to look on the bright side and to think well of every one, said that she would probably grow better when they got better acquainted, and she gave Tommy and little Rufus five cents each not to use their bean slingers over the fence or make faces through the knothole.

But instead of growing better their new neighbor grew worse. She had the mutual fence built up ten feet high, she had the branches of the sweeting tree lopped off where they interfered with the fence, and Christine's seat thrown down to the ground so roughly that it was broken. She said she had let people impose upon her all her life, and she wasn't going to any more.

Papa Bell, who was an easy man and absorbed in his business, said he supposed that so many children and squeaking things did make them troublesome neighbors; but he thought they should have to remonstrate with Miss Pigeon about the fence, because it took away so much of their sunshine. Christine begged him to wait; she always would believe that people were going to be better, and she knew there must be something good about Miss Pigeon because she looked like her brother—only the twist seemed to be in her mind, poor thing!

It was November when Christine's seat was thrown out of the tree, so she could not have used it any more that season anyway; and when anyone asked her how she was going to do without it in the spring, she always answered: "Perhaps Miss Hitty will be good by that time." But that transformation didn't seem in the least likely to anyone else. She never forgot that Mr. Pigeon had said she was Hitty, though how she could ever be Hitty to anybody was more than the other young Bells could understand.

Christine would bow to her, too, and smile, shyly, although Miss Pigeon only scowled dreadfully in response. Far more difficult to forgive than their own wrongs was the injury she had inflicted upon her brother. He wrote to them doleful letters which showed plainly how homesick he was for the good air and the goodfellowship of Pippin Hill. One of the neighbors who saw him at Pequanket said one would hardly know him—he had "pined away" so.

After that little Rufus (honorably) returned the five cents to Christine, because he knew he should yield to the temptation to make faces through the knothole again.

Christine turned a little pale when she heard this about Mr. Pigeon, and she put on her thinking cap. She couldn't

go to school like the others, she couldn't go skating; in fact, there were so many things she couldn't do that it would have been very discouraging to one who believes less firmly than Christine did that things as well as people were going to be better; but that gave her all the more time to wear her thinking cap. And Christine's thoughts were pretty apt to blossom into deeds some way.

Christine had made the Christmas wreaths of evergreen and holly from their own Pippin Hill woods, and she had sent two beauties to Miss Pigeon, who had promptly returned them with the message that she didn't want such rubbish littering up her house. Now when they heard that sad news from Mr. Pigeon she was making valentines. She had a very dainty knack with both pencil and brush, for a 14-year-old girl, and her valentines were more beautiful than any that could be bought in the shops, or so the Bloomsboro' young people all thought.

The fashion of sending valentines might wane elsewhere, but it always cried over them. And now she had flourished in Bloomsboro, perhaps because Christine Bell kept it up. She sent them to the very last people who expected to have a valentine—to neglected old people and forlorn sick people, to Biddy Maguire, just from the old country, and "kilt" with homesickness, and to Antony Burke, the old miser, for whom no one had a civil word and who, perhaps, didn't deserve one. And for every valentine that was disregarded or thrown impatiently aside, a dozen made a little warmth and comfort in a sad heart; for nobody has yet begun to understand how great is the day of small things.

Christine was more mysterious than usual this year about her valentines; she colored when Peggy said she would better send one to Miss Pigeon, but they never thought she would; they thought she was only sensitive about her Christmas wreath. When Mr. Pigeon went away he gave Christine an old desk that

she. Christine thought it would probably be returned, even more scornfully than the Christmas wreath—if Miss Pigeon should guess who sent it—and she would be likely to guess that it came from the Belfry; for she knew that her brother had given them many of his belongings.

She sent it with fear and trembling, and she told none of the others, for the older ones seemed, in their hearts, to share the feeling of Tom and little Rufus, that the only form of approach to Miss Pigeon was bean-slinger in hand.

The valentine wasn't returned; but nothing seemed to come of it. The Bells' Jane heard from Miss Pigeon's Jane that her mistress had neuralgia. One day after March had come, and a blue-bird had been seen to alight upon the high-top sweeting tree, as Christine came along the garden path there came a shrill, imperative voice through the knothole in the fence.

"If you have any more of those leaves, stuff them through the knothole; if you have the whole diary throw it over the fence."

Of course Christine wasn't going to do that with the diary that seemed so precious; but she did send it around to Miss Pigeon's door by old Jeremy, the gardener, for none of the boys would go.

It was about a week after that a man made, under Miss Pigeon's direction, a new seat in the crotch of the apple tree—a seat that was delightfully comfortable for a back that wasn't straight. Miss Pigeon seemed to know just how. When it was finished she went up and examined it and tried it. Then she called to Christine, who was sitting on the porch.

"I'm a cantankerous old woman. I was born cantankerous," she said. "But there's your seat!"

No one at the Belfry knew what to think of Miss Pigeon; it was little Rufus' opinion that a good fairy had tapped her with her wand and turned her into something else, and he was



"SHE DIDN'T TAP ME WITH A WAND, SHE SENT ME A VALENTINE."

he had had ever since he was a boy. It had initials and hearts and anchors cut into it and was whittled at every corner; you would have known if you'd seen it anywhere that it had belonged to a boy. But Christine would have it in her own room; she thought it was beautiful. It had his boy-letters and diaries in it, and she had laughed and found in that old desk material for the very queerest valentine she had ever made; and although she liked to share the fun of making her valentines with the others, she was a little secretive about that.

What should the paper be but a leaf from one of the old diaries, one side all written over in an unformed, boyish hand; and this is what was written on it, the ink faded by time:

"I cant bare to rite becos hity has the Fever and i cant bare knot to rite becos it semes like teling sombody. she held mi hand tite when she did knot now anybuddy last nite and i did knot let them send me to bed the fellers say if she does id i hav other sisters but they are knot hity the fellers do knot understand wen enybuddy sais she will ever hav a bo like our agusta hity sais the Tom Tinker verse and that means me as is rote on the 1st leaf of this Diry mi name is Thomas Tinkham Pigeon hity has gott a Temper but so hav a Good Meny People and she is Good way inside and she is hity and she and i will always liv together but i cant bare to rite any more for i want to now what the dokter sais, they say a feller must be A Man but wen it is hity i cant bare—"

Here the words became illegible on the old yellow paper; there were blots and smudges as of tears. Though valentines are supposed to be dainty, Christine didn't try to clean it a bit! And on the unwritten side, instead of painting any of her pretty flowers or drawing hearts or cupids, she only wrote "the Tom Tinker verse" which Hitty had lovingly quoted to her brother:

"Tom Tinker's my true love, and I am his dear,
I'll gang along w' him his budget to bear."
It certainly was a very queer valen-

much disappointed to find, on peeping through the knothole, that she looked just the same.

"It's delightful," Christine said, slowly. "But it isn't exactly what I meant by the valentine," she added, to herself.

But a few days after, what Christine had meant by the valentine really did happen! Sometimes things that seem too good to be true do come to pass in this world. Miss Pigeon mounted the high buggy in which she drove herself and went down to Pequanket; when she came back Mr. Pigeon was with her! Tommy discovered it first as they drove into the yard and raised a shout. All the young Bells rushed pell-mell into the apple tree and dropped from its branches into Miss Pigeon's orchard—even Peggy who was 16—shouting and laughing and crying all together. They quite forgot Miss Pigeon until her harsh voice broke into the whirlwind of greetings; with all its harshness there was a queer little quaver in it!

"He's come back and he's going to stay," she said. "It is he that belongs here and not I. If you're born with a cross-grained disposition you've got to get over it when you're young or you'll have to have more'n a ten-foot fence between you and other people! I'm going back to nursing people in a hospital—yes, I can, though you wouldn't think it; and they like me! There's a doctor I know who has invented a new contrivance for—making backs straight!"—her voice really broke now, but she recovered herself instantly; "they're easier to straighten than crooked dispositions! I'm going to send one here, and I want her to try it." She nodded toward Christine, and then she turned away suddenly. Little Rufus ran after her—prudently keeping his hand on the bean-slinger in his pocket. (They had discovered at an early stage of the acquaintance that if Miss Pigeon had a weakness it was a terror of the bean-

slingers.) "Are you really just the same? Didn't a good fairy turn you into something else?" he demanded, breathlessly.

Miss Pigeon turned and looked down upon him, her strong features working. "Yes, she did!" she answered, gruffly. "Did she tap you with her wand?" pursued little Rufus, eagerly, delighted with this confirmation of beliefs that were scorned in his home circle.

"She didn't tap me with a wand," said Miss Pigeon; "she sent me a valentine!"—Sophie Swett, in N. Y. Independent.

HIS FIRST VALENTINE.

Although a Second-Hand One, He Was in Blissful Ignorance of the Fact.

Eight years of age—and what a glory there was in valentines! We had picked one out. It was ugly green, impossible pinks, and other hues too horrible to imagine. Cupid without clothes stood in a snow bank, shooting darts at a pair of lovers who billed at the same old billboard and never seemed to mind the frigidity of the weather. It cost seven cents, envelope and stamp three cents more. In a crabbed hand it was sent forth upon its delightful mission—and he was at the little rural post office window to see that it did not go amiss. She smiled and blushed when the dainty thing was handed to her. She a miss of seven, with soap curls, and cheeks as red as rosy apples. Could she guess? Not she; she didn't stop to guess or think, but ran shrieking home with the cheap affair hugged to her baby breast—a missive worth more than gold or diamonds; her first valentine. And he who sent it—he gazed after the flying form with a strange feeling in his heart. He wanted to tell her all about it. He wanted to tell her that he was the one who sent it; but he was a little man, and he kept the secret to himself, and asked time and again at the post office window if there was anything for him. The others, his schoolmates, boys and girls, they found messages put up in fancy envelopes, all nicely stamped and directed; but there was none for him.

His head was not held upright, and his eyes were not bright when he entered his home. His mother saw that something was wrong, and she questioned him.

"I got no valentine. I—I sent one, but—but—I guess she forgot."—And he went to prepare for supper.

When he sat down to tea a pretty, dainty valentine was upon his plate. "She didn't forget me, mamma! See, mamma!" he cried, with joy.

And mamma joined in with him—but she did not tell him that she had received that same valentine years before he was born.—H. S. Keller, in Leslie's Weekly.

Like Those of the Past.

The valentines of to-day are very much like the valentines of the past, for they express the same idea to which Josh Billings referred in his inimitable way: "Luv is the same divine sentiment no matter how yu spel it." It is neither the spelling nor the poetry that captivates the youthful imagination, but the daring expression of affection which can be announced in a valentine, but in no other way. No breach of promise case has ever resulted from the sending of a valentine. Such a proposition as this would never be considered in a court of law, although it may count for much in the court of love:

"My valentine will thou be,
Accept this heart so true;
Pray bestow a thought on me,
For I love only you."
—Detroit Free Press.

AN UP-TO-DATE VALENTINE.

She's up to date and away beyond,
And many worship at her shrine;
She sent an arrow through my heart
And claims me as her valentine.



Valentine to a Sick Doll.

Dolly, dolly darling!
O, dolly, dolly mine!
They laugh because I tell them
That you are my valentine.

They think that I shall have, dear,
A doll in place of you;
Now, don't be frightened, dolly,
For that's what I'll never do.

I know your nose is melted;
I know one eye is gone;
My father said this morning
That you really were forlorn.

But that's the very reason
Why you should always be
The very dearest dolly
In the whole round world to me.

If my nose should get broken,
If I looked queer and wild,
Would my mamma exchange me
For another bran-new child?
—Helen Marston, in Our Little Ones.

CUT IN HALF.

President Issues an Important Pension Order.

It Reduces the Number of Agencies from Eighteen to Nine—The Action Expected to Effect a Large Saving.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The president has signed, on the recommendation of Secretary of the Interior Francis, an important order reducing the number of pension agencies in the United States from 18 to 9. The object of the order is to effect a very large saving to the government without inconveniencing the pensioners. The secretary demonstrates that by this reduction of the pension agencies the cost of disbursing pensions can be reduced by at least \$150,000 per annum. Under the consolidation the pensioners heretofore paid at Pittsburgh are to be paid from the Philadelphia agency; those of Louisville and Knoxville from Washington; those at Detroit from Indianapolis; those at Milwaukee from Chicago; those at Des Moines and Topeka from St. Louis, where a new agency is established.

A new agency is established at St. Louis because of the better mail facilities there than at Des Moines or Topeka, and for the further reason that there is a government building at St. Louis which can be occupied without cost to the government. The following are the pension agencies and the number of pensioners paid thereat under the new order: Boston, 94,357; New York, 98,833; Philadelphia, 106,735; Washington, 140,265; Columbus, 104,492; Indianapolis, 115,060; Chicago, 125,123; St. Louis, 261,709; San Francisco, 23,098. Total, 970,678. The change is made possible by the law requiring pensioners to be paid by checks remitted by mail. It goes into effect September 1 next.

GOFF DECLINES.

Not for Mr. McKinley That He Can't Go Into the Cabinet.

Canton, O., Feb. 8.—Judge Goff has written to Maj. McKinley a letter, received Saturday morning, couched in such terms as to warrant the announcement that he will not be in the cabinet. His name must now be erased from the cabinet slate. The withdrawal of Judge Goff brings up for reconsideration by the president-elect the whole question of who shall represent the south in the cabinet. It is safe to say his mind is not made up on this subject and that he would be greatly relieved if Judge Goff, even at this late day, could be induced to alter his decision. James A. Gary and Lewis McComas, of Maryland; St. John Hoyle, of Kentucky; Maj. Warner, of Missouri; H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, and P. C. Hanson, of Georgia, and Judge Emory Spear, will be considered within the next few days by the president-elect.

BANKS GROW CAUTIOUS.

Many of Them Are Decreasing Their Circulation.

New York, Feb. 8.—The national banks in New York are reducing their circulation. One reason for this course is the prospect of a long period of easy money and another is the high prices at which government bonds are selling. Government bonds have to be deposited with the United States treasurer to secure circulation. The national bank act by the amendment of 1882 permits a decrease in circulation of only \$3,000,000 a month by all the national banks in the country, and there are 2,700 of them. In January for the first time the \$3,000,000 limit was reached. This week applications for reduction of circulation aggregating \$3,000,000 were sent to Washington from New York alone.

KILLED BY AN OFFICER.

City Marshal of Independence, Mo., Shoots a Man.

Independence, Mo., Feb. 8.—Charley Evans, an inmate of the county poor farm and a well-known character, was shot and instantly killed in this city at five o'clock Saturday afternoon by Mel Hulz, city marshal. Evans met Hulz on the street and began abusing him. Hulz paid little attention to him until Evans grabbed the marshal's heavy cane and struck him over the head with it. Then Hulz drew his revolver and fired. The ball entered Evans' right breast, killing him almost instantly.

Prominent Chicagoan Dead.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Albert M. Billings, founder of the People's Gaslight and Coke company, in this city, died Sunday night at his old homestead on West Lake street, leaving an estate of about \$10,000,000. Mr. Billings was more than 82 years of age and died of heart failure. He came to Chicago from the east in 1859 from his native state, Vermont. He was at one time sheriff of Sullivan county, N. H. After coming to Chicago he founded the People's Gaslight and Coke company, and rapidly grew wealthy from the enterprise.

Brown Himself and Three Children.

Big Timber, Mont., Feb. 8.—In a fit of desperation, after a quarrel with her husband, the wife of Robert Cort, a fairly well-to-do rancher living five miles from here, picked up her three small children, rushed to the Yellowstone river and threw the children and herself in. The current carried the bodies quickly out of sight.

TRADE REVIEW.

Week Develops No Important Change in the Situation.

New York, Feb. 6.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: "No important changes in business appear, but the number of manufacturing establishments starting much exceeds the number of those stopping during the week, and so much that the curtailment of working time in many cotton mills probably does not lessen the aggregate productive force or amount of wages paid. There is distinct increase in orders for woolen goods, some gain in the silk manufacture, a waiting condition with gain in one branch of boots and shoes, and indications of better things coming in the iron and steel manufacture.

"To many it is the most perplexing feature of current events that wheat does not rise much, though it has advanced 1/2 cents for the week. The condition of the market is not explained by any special information, but current prices show that no great confidence is felt in the estimates of supplies available for the rest of the year. Cotton fell 7/8 cents after the agreement to close Fall River and other print cloth works became known, but recovered the quotation of a week ago, 7 1/2 cents, without further news. Spinners' takings have been so small this year, those of northern mills about 400,000 bales less than 1894-95, that the admitted narrowness of demand for goods has at present considerable weight.

"Prices for Bessemer pig and gray forge at Pittsburgh have slightly advanced, with a much more hopeful feeling notwithstanding the comparative narrowness of the demand for finished products, and in plates and wire nails there is much more business with good prospects. Reports that 25,000 tons of steel plate and sheet bars have been exported to England are only indications of the temporary excess of supply over demand in this country, and are not supposed to have realized any profit. Yet it is stated that prices of cast pipe are from \$2 to \$3 per ton lower at New York than at Scotch works. Bars are quoted at the lowest price ever known at Philadelphia, without much improvement in the demand, and steel rails are still inactive and unchanged in price, the railroads waiting for a decline corresponding to the fall in billets. But on the whole the demand for iron and steel products is slowly gaining.

"Failures for week have been 31 in the United States, against 23 last year, and 63 in Canada, against 67 last year."

ANOTHER MASSACRE.

Christians in Crete Shot Down by Turkish Soldiers and Mussulmans.

Athens, Feb. 6.—The situation at Crete has reached a crisis of blood and fire. The Turkish troops have joined hands with the native Mussulman cutthroats. Three-fourths of the Christian quarters of the city of Canea have been burned to the ground, according to late advices received from Crete. The Christians while trying to escape to the warships were attacked by the Mussulman population and many were killed and injured. The total number of victims as a result of the recent fighting is estimated at 300.

The trouble originated in the unfounded reports that the Mussulmans had killed 27 Christian sentinels in Akrostri. When the report was received the vali ordered the troops to proceed to the defense of the Christian villages. The troops were attacked, and it is reported that 20 persons were killed. Several villages were destroyed by fire.

The Mussulmans, it is claimed, instituted the attack upon the Christians, and commenced the discharge of firearms. A considerable number of persons perished in the conflict. Finally, it was observed the soldiers themselves fired from the ramparts into the ranks of the Christians.

Pennsylvania State Capitol Burned.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 3.—The Pennsylvania state capitol was destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon. The legislative halls are in ruins, and a new structure must rise from the ashes of the one that has served as a meeting place of the Pennsylvania legislature since 1822. The flames within the short space of one hour ate up \$1,500,000 worth of property. The most valuable of the state and legislative records which were in the building were saved, but the records and statistics of the department of public instruction, which included much valuable information bearing upon the public schools of the state, were destroyed.

Wreck Fatal to Four.

De Smet, S. D., Feb. 4.—Train No. 4 east bound, with Randolph Addington as conductor, was followed by an engine, John Connelly, engineer. At Arlington the engine struck with great force the last coach on the train, crowding it against a freight car filled with coal, telescoping the two cars. Conductor Addington and Baggage man Frank L. Hosak, of Huron; W. L. Harrison, a farmer living north of Arlington, and John Loftus, a farmer living near here, were killed. The accident is attributed to icy rails, which made it impossible to check the speed of the light engine.

Young Negro Lynched.

Bowling Green Ky., Feb. 5.—Robert Morton (colored) was hanged by a mob about three miles from Rockfield shortly after midnight Wednesday night. It is said that the negro wrote an insulting and insinuating note to Miss Tommie Johnson, a well-known young white woman of Rockfield. Morton was about 21 years of age and did not bear a good reputation.

Four Suffocated.

North Branch, Minn., Feb. 5.—Word has been received here that Mr. and Mrs. John Brohamann and two sons, Ernest and William, living about five miles west of here, had been suffocated by carbon dioxide, due to a fire in a closed root house.

FROM EXPOSURE

During the War of the Rebellion.

Veteran's Own Version of His Troubles.

From the Commercial, Mattoon, Ill.

Henry Clegg is a well-known real estate man in Mattoon, Ill., who, of course, is a Grand Army man, having seen honorable service in Co. G, Sixty-seventh Indiana Infantry during the war of the Rebellion.

Like many other old soldiers, Mr. Clegg did not pass through the ordeal of soldier life scathless, having twice during his service been in hospital from illness brought on by exposure, the seeds of which he carried into private life, the same taking exceedingly deep root, in the shape of rheumatism and disease of the stomach.

During an interview with Mr. Clegg he made the following statement to a reporter, which we print as given:

"Four years ago my disabilities assumed an aggravated form, and I began to think the last roll was about to be called. All my limbs and organs were affected, and the pain of the rheumatism was intense. There was not a square inch of my body free from the pain, and my stomach gave up doing its rightful work. For years I was under the care of physicians, having had ten different doctors, allopathic, eclectic and homeopathic. I used every remedy suggested or that I saw advertised, but none of them, doctors included, did me the slightest good.

"It is now nearly two years ago since I heard of and began to use Pink Pills, and before I had used up one box I began to obtain relief. I continued to take them for three months regularly, according to the directions of Dr. Williams', and by that time my appetite was good, my stomach acted as a well regulated stomach should, and my rheumatism troubled me no more. I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by me, and occasionally if indisposed take one or more, and I am all right again. I always recommend them to persons suffering with similar disorders to what I had and when my advice is followed benefit invariably results.

(Signed) "HENRY CLEGG."
Witness: T. ATTERBURN.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of a gripe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

BREATHLESS HUNTER—"I say, boy, did you see a rabbit run by here?" Boy—"Yes, sir." Hunter—"How long ago?" Boy—"I think it'll be three years next Christmas."—Tit-Bits.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHERNEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

JUST RIGHT FOR HIM—"What did you think of our new patrol wagon?" asked the roadman of his friend who loafs for a living. "Great! I was carried away with it."

New Line to Washington.

The popular Monon Route has established a new through Sleeping Car line to Washington, D. C., via Cincinnati and Parkersburg, by the C. H. & D. B. & O. S. W. and B. & O. Rys. The sleeper is ready for occupancy in Dearborn Station any time after 9 P. M., and leaves at 2:45 A. M. daily, arriving at Washington at 6:47 the following morning. This schedule will be in effect on January 24th, and thereafter. As the sleeper goes through without change, and the hours of leaving and arriving are most convenient, this will prove altogether the most comfortable, as well as the most picturesque route to the national capital. City Ticket Office, 232 Clark St., Chicago. Depot, Dearborn Station.

SURE THING.—Hippy—"I do hope that I can smoke in the next world." Diply—"I've no doubt that you will be accommodated."—Detroit Free Press.

Are You Going to Washington to the Inauguration of William McKinley?

The "Big Four Route," in connection with the picturesque Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, offers the best facilities from Chicago, St. Louis, Benton Harbor, Detroit, Toledo, LaFayette, Springfield, Dayton and intermediate points via Cincinnati.

Through Palace Sleeping Cars from St. Louis and Indianapolis. The most beautiful and interesting route. Scenery unsurpassed and historical interest unequalled. All trains are magnificently equipped with Wagner Sleeping Cars, Buffet Parlor Cars and Dining Cars. Ask for tickets via "Big Four" and "C. & O." Routes.

No METAPHYSICIAN ever felt the deficiency of language so much as the grateful.—Colton.

Small Prices for Vehicles and Harness.

The Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind., have for 24 years been selling their goods direct to consumers at factory prices. Horse owners should send for large, free catalogue that will save them money.

Queen & Crescent

86 Miles Shortest to New Orleans, 100 Miles Shortest to Jacksonville from Cincinnati.

USUALLY when a man defends other people he is defending something in his own past experience.—Atchison Globe.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—LIZZIE FERRELL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

"What a small mind Mrs. Venlyne has!" "Naturally. She has given her husband so many pieces of it."—Tit-Bits.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

It may sometimes cost you a good deal to do right, but it will be sure to cost you more not to do it.

Any kind of a bruise St. Jacobs Oil will cure at any time, no matter how bad.

SALZER'S GERMAN COFFEE BERRY.

A package of this and big seed catalogue is sent you by the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., upon receipt of 15 cents stamps and this notice. [K]

IN WHIST.—"Papa, what is the glad hand?" "Five trumps and a long suit."—Chicago Record.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Feb. 7, first production of "The Jacklins," by Stuart Robson, a dramatization of Ople Read's latest successful novel.

KITSON—"Ah, there is a lovely girl, Miss Lulu. Her face is her fortune." Catesby—"Um! She must have made an assignment lately."—Philadelphia North American.

A. W. McCORMICK & SOX, Pension Attorneys, whose advertisement appears every other week in this paper, are at Cincinnati, Ohio, and Washington, D. C. They are thoroughly reliable.

WHEN a girl wants to say a decollete gown is not becoming to another girl she casually mentions "that her neck is like a hat rack."—Atchison Globe.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free trial bottle & treatise. DR. KLINE, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The nice things that are said about a dead man fool no one; not even his widow.—Atchison Globe.

New Orleans

Queen and Crescent Route 24 hours Cincinnati to New Orleans.

"You say they had a duel on the street?" "Yes; French; two bystanders shot."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

ACTORS, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The greatest obligation of the parent to the child is to give it a safe example.—Ram's Horn.

KNOCKED out by lumbago? It's because you don't cure it with St. Jacobs Oil.

BORROWED trouble is always the most burdensome.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

"CAN you read French?" "Er—not aloud."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"CAN't cure my rheumatism?" You can, you must use St. Jacobs Oil.



REV. T. DE WITT TALMAGE

In one of his wonderful sermons very truthfully said, "My brother, your trouble is not with the heart; it is a gastric disorder of a rebellious liver. It is not sin that blots out your hope of heaven, but bile that not only yellows your eyeballs and furs your tongue and makes your head ache but swoops upon your soul in dejection and forebodings,"—and

Talmage is right! All this trouble can be removed! You can be cured!

How? By using

Safe Cure

We can give you incontrovertible proof from men and women, former sufferers,

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There is no doubt of this. Twenty years experience proves our words true.

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Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT CURES.

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Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue. Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.

THE GUIDE -- One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory, or Pansy Choice mixed, for 15 CTS. and your choice) Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 45c.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to date on these subjects for 3 months, the Guide and One packet of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents. Every tenth person sending an Order as above will receive a coupon good for 80 cents' worth of Seed free.

When ordering state where you saw this ad, and we will send a packet of Flower Seeds free.

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WE HAVE NO AGENTS but have sold direct to the consumer for 24 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealer's profit. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, Bostons of Harness, Top Buggies as low as \$25. Phaetons as low as \$35. Spring Wagons, Road Wagons, etc. send for large, free Catalogue. Made, upon and Order, etc. As good as ours for 10c.

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Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
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10c 25c 50c
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative. They grip and grip, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 317.

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CURED WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists.

OH, YES; WE USE IT. YUCATAN.

A. N. K.—A 1643

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 5, 1897.—Senator Chandler has puzzled the politicians by the introduction of a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the Senate that the United States should not permanently acquiesce in the single gold standard, and that the efforts of the government in all its branches should be directed to secure and maintain the use of silver as well as gold as standard money, with the free coinage of both.

While the Senate was wrangling as to whether the Niagara Canal bill, the bankruptcy bill, the conference report on the immigration bill, or the Pacific railroad resolutions should first be disposed of, Senator Allen very pertinently asked: "Does the Senate propose to do nothing? The bankruptcy bill is in the last stages of consumption; the Nicaragua Canal bill is about to be nailed in its coffin, and Senators are putting off these Pacific Railroad resolutions."

It is already evident that the new tariff bill will not increase duties upon everything. For instance, the majority of the Ways and Means Committee have informally decided to cut the duty on steel rails nearly in half. The duty on steel rails under the present tariff is about equal to \$7.84 a ton, but it is not likely to exceed \$4 a ton in the new tariff bill.

It may not make the treaty any stronger, but it certainly added something to the sentimental interest of the occasion that the Venezuelan arbitration treaty, which was this week signed by representatives of Venezuela and Great Britain, in the presence of Secretary Olney, at the Department of State, should have been signed with a gold pen, owned by Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, which was in a holder made of a quill from the wing of an American eagle and was decorated with a gold heart surrounded by diamonds.

Arbitration seems to be in the air these days, even if the Senate isn't in any hurry about ratifying that Anglo-American arbitration treaty, which has been amended and favorably reported by the Committee on Foreign Relations. The latest advocates of arbitration are the Carnegie and Bethlehem Steel Companies, both of which have been charged by the Secretary of the Navy and others with wanting to gouge Uncle Sam in the price charged for armor plates for naval vessels.

The populists in Congress do not take kindly to the suggestion that the party abandon silver as an issue and that a national conference be held to define their policy. They say that the platform adopted by their national convention last July is all the definition of policy they will need until the next national convention assembles.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.: W. S. Austin, Standish, velocipede; J. Bristol, Detroit, cigar bunching machine; G. Conley, Caseville, plow colter; R. W. Elston, Charlevoix, self-propelling vehicle; J. H. Fitch, Wesley, basket or crate, F. P. Glazier, Chelsea, wick tube; J. H. Green, Laurium, torch; D. M. Ireland, Detroit, mechanism for forming stove bands; R. W. Irwin, Grand Rapids, pew; C. C. Kritzer, Newaygo, automatic electric cut out; A. D. Linn, Grand Rapids, seat hinge; F. A. McGinnis, Detroit, pants guard for bicycles; W. H. Raymond, Marshall, neck yoke retainer; J. F. Wilmot, Detroit, vehicle seat.

Republican Caucus.

The Republicans of Sylvan Township will meet at the Town Hall in the village of Chelsea on Saturday, Feb. 13, 1897, at 8 p. m., for the purpose of electing 14 delegates to the county convention to be held at Ann Arbor on the 16th day of February, 1897, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the caucus.

By order of Committee.

Michigan Crop Report.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 8.—The ground in southern Michigan was lightly covered with snow much of the time during January, but not sufficiently at all times to afford full protection to the wheat plant. On the 15th of January the average depth in the southern four tiers of counties was 1.29 inches; in the central counties, 1.44 inches, and in the northern counties 2.07 inches. At the end of the month the average depth in the southern counties was 8.26 inches, in the central 4.77 inches, and in the northern, 5.88 inches.

In reply to the question "Has wheat during January suffered injury from any cause?" 130 correspondents in the southern counties answer "Yes" and 360 "No"; in the central counties 64 correspondents answer "Yes" and 94 "No," and in the northern counties 83 answer "Yes" and 66 "No."

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in January is 616,532, and in the six months, August-January, 6,305,775. The amount marketed in the six months, August-January, is 311,949 bushels more than reported marketed in the same months last year.

At 28 elevators and mills from which reports have been received there was no wheat marketed during January.

The condition of live stock is about 97 per cent, comparison being with stock in good, healthy and thrifty condition.

Donation.

There will be a donation at the Baptist church Wednesday evening, Feb. 17, for the benefit of Rev. J. H. Girdwood. Supper served from 5 to 9. All are cordially invited.

By order of Committee.

Mrs. HATTIE NORTHROP, Chairman.

If You Wish to be Happy.

- Beware of the man of two faces. Persevere against discouragement. Take a cheerful view of everything. In all promised pleasures put self last. Trust in God and mind your own business. Cultivate a short memory as to all unkindnesses. Do not talk of your private, personal or family matters. Cultivate forbearance till your heart yields a fine crop of it. Give your tongue more holiday than your hands or your eyes. Examine into your own shortcomings rather than those of others. Act as if you expected to live a hundred years, but might die to-morrow. Compare your manifold blessings with the trifling annoyances of each day. Do the duty that lies nearest; the second duty will already have become clearer. Be content to do the things you can, and fret not because you cannot do everything. Never reply in kind to a sharp or angry word; it is the second word that makes the quarrel. Make the best of what you have, and do not make yourself miserable by wishing for what you have not. Ex-Sheriff Wallace, of Saline, owns the carriage used by Gen Lewis Cass when territorial governor of Michigan, and has kept it in good condition. It has been in his possession 40 years.

Odds and Ends.

The largest oak log ever cut and hauled in that section was taken to Pinney's sawmill in Stockbridge recently. It measured 4,100 feet. It lacked but a few inches of being six feet across the butt. It was drawn in four pieces, making four good sized double team loads.

The national agricultural department, in its final crop report for 1896, makes the total yield of wheat 437,664,000 bushels, 14,000,000 bushels more than was estimated in the last October report, but less than any of the private estimates, and considerably less than the trade has been expecting that the final figures of the department would be.

Low down wagons with wide metal wheels are being used with good results, as they are more easily loaded and the wide wheels do not cut up the roads, but assist to pack the surface. Wide wheels are not necessarily heavy, as improvements in wheels have gained width and lightness, metal hubs being substituted for the heavy hubs and spokes to be found in wheels made of wood.

The Munich correspondent of the Stockbridge Sun says: "Beware of overheated soapstones. A prominent Chelsea stockman went through our place on his return from a business trip to the northern part of the state, and stopped with a friend for tea. On starting out again he put a very hot soapstone at his feet. He had not gone far, however, when he found there was more heat than he really needed for his comfort. The relics by the roadside tell the rest."

Now look at this from the Stockbridge Brief: "A bashful young man went three times to ask a beautiful young lady if he might be the partner of her joys and sorrows, and other household furniture, but each time his heart failed him, and he took the question away unpoped. She saw the anguish of his soul, and had compassion on him. So the next time he came she asked him if he thought to bring a screwdriver with him. He blushed and wanted to know what for. And she, in the fulness of her heart, said she did not know but that he would want to screw up his courage before he left. He took the hint and the girl."

The following item, clipped from an exchange, contains sensible advice, and if our readers heed it when the contribution box confronts them we will not have published it in vain: In church, people who can afford it should be generous. It is singular that well dressed, well-to-do people can have the contribution plate passed under their direct notice and sit like statues, unresponsive and unmoved, giving it the "marble face." Many heedless people, well meaning, but indifferent to the expenses of the church services, will come and enjoy the good things prepared for them, and think their part is well done if they occasionally drop a penny or a nickel on the plate. Should any one treat with such indifference an institution so venerable and worthy as the church?

Coffee drunkenness is one of the latest dangers which doctors abroad are raising their voices against. Dr. Mendel, of Berlin, has published a clinical study, which is the most thorough yet made, as he had a community of coffee drinkers under his constant observation, the working women in and about Essen. He found many of these women consumed over a pound of coffee a week. The leading symptoms of the ills that afflicted them were profound depression of spirits and frequent headaches, with insomnia. A strong dose of coffee would relieve them for a time, then the ailment would return. The muscles became weak and trembling, and the hands trembled when at rest. The victims suffered so seriously they dared not abandon the drinking of coffee for fear of death.—New Crusade.

Wanted—Second-growth wood in exchange for robes and blankets. C. Steinbach. 16

Donation.

There will be a donation for the benefit of the Rev. J. S. Edmunds and family at the Congregational church on Wednesday evening, Feb. 24. Light refreshments and a program will be furnished. All are cordially invited.

By order of Committee.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Glazier & Stimson, Druggists.

The Evening News,

"THE GREAT DAILY OF MICHIGAN."

The Greatest Advertising Medium

In the State is THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS. Why? Because it has by far the largest circulation. Why has it? Because it is the best daily newspaper. If you want the best, TAKE THE EVENING NEWS.

Two cents a copy. Ten cents a week (DELIVERED). \$1.25 for 3 months (BY MAIL).

AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN IN MICHIGAN.

The Evening News, Detroit.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 4th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Girbach deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Catharine Girbach, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to Catharine Girbach or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 8th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Items Cleared from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per centers, and mortgage the farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island Lime, 59 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 29 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per center's old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per center \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undersell prices.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc. It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes entries for Eggs, Butter, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans, etc., dated Chelsea, Feb. 11, 1897.

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the sixteenth day of December, A. D. 1886, executed by Henry Meyers, of the Township of Sharon, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, to Frederick Gieske, of the same place, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Washtenaw, in Liber 66 of Mortgages, on page 402, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 7 o'clock P. M. And whereas, the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of two hundred and ninety-five dollars (\$295) of principal and interest, and which is the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage, and which said mortgage was given to secure money advanced by said Gieske to pay a part of the purchase price of the premises therein described. There has been no suit or proceeding instituted at law to recover said amount or any part thereof. By reason of the premises the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county), on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Sharon, County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the middle of the highway in the east one-half (1/2) of the northwest quarter (1/4) of the northwest quarter (1/4) of section number twenty-nine (29) in township number three (3) south of range three (3) east, at a point in said highway where the east line of lands of John Wilson intersects the same; thence south along the east line of Wilson's land sixteen (16) rods; thence east at right angles to said east line ten (10) rods; thence south parallel to said first described line to the middle of the highway; thence west to the place of beginning, along the line of said highway, supposed to contain about one acre of land, mor. or less. Dated December 9th, 1896. FREDERICK GIESKE, Mortgagee.

LEHMAN BROS., Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John C. Taylor, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. B. Taylor, Esq., in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 18th day of March and on the 15th day of June next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, Dec. 18, 1896. HENRY L. WOOD, J. WILL STEDMAN, Commissioners.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John C. Kaercher, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of G. W. Turnbull, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 1st day of March and on the 1st day of June next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated Dec. 1, 1896. FRED. WEDEMEYER, BERT B. TURNBULL, Commissioners.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of the payments of a certain mortgage made by Mary A. McMonagle, Charles A. Fryer and Fannie M. Fryer, his wife, dated the 17th day of August, 1895, and recorded in the Register's Office of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 15th day of August, 1895, at 5 o'clock and 10 minutes P. M., in Liber 73 of Mortgages, on page 61, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and twenty-six dollars and ninety-six cents (\$426.96), and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted for the collection of the amount due on said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage for the non-payment of interest within thirty days from the time the same became due, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 10th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (that being the building where the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw is held), there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage and the legal costs of this foreclosure.

The premises to be so sold are described as follows: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter of section three (3), in the Township of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan; and all that part of the east half of the northwest quarter of said section which lies south of the highway and which belonged to the farm of the late Benjamin C. Fryer, deceased. Dated January 4th, 1897. THEODORE J. DE FOREST, W. D. NARRIMAN, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

For Rent.

The Lutheran Parsonage on Summit street. Apply to Israel Vogel or Jac. Hefner, Chelsea.